

FARMERS RALLY TO THE U.F.A. GOVERNMENT

M. McRae,
Federal, Alta.
45:1-374

THE U.F.A.

OFFICIAL ORGAN OF
THE UNITED FARMERS OF ALBERTA

Vol. V.

CALGARY, ALBERTA, JUNE 17, 1926

No. 17



The Farmers' Movement in Alberta is a single organism, drawing its sustenance from the Farmers' primary organization—the U. F. A. Upon the strength and vitality of this Mighty Oak all the enterprises launched by the Farmers of this Province depend. At the present time all of the energies of the movement are concentrated upon the task of securing the re-election of the U. F. A. Government, which has completed five years

of honest and efficient administration of the affairs of the Province. In preparation for the election there has been a rallying of the farmers' forces throughout the whole of Alberta. The membership for the first five and a half months of 1926 shows an increase of 57 per cent., as compared with the corresponding period in 1925, and is still rapidly increasing. Dues paid in June to date quadruple the total for the same period last year.



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PRINCIPAL CONTENTS

PAGE

EDITORIAL	3
WILL ALBERTA REAFFIRM HER FAITH IN DEMOCRATIC MOVEMENT?	4
LACOMBE DETERMINED UPON RE-ELECTION MRS. PARLBY	5
EDUCATIONAL PROGRESS—ALBERTA DURING FIVE YEARS SURPASSES RECORDS	6
EVEN ELASTIC RULES OF PARTY WARFARE BROKEN	7
NEWS FROM ALBERTA WHEAT POOL HEAD OFFICE	8
SAM BROWN IS AGAIN SELECTED U.F.A. CANDIDATE, HIGH RIVER	9
WASHBURN IS AGAIN U. F. A. NOMINEE FOR STONY PLAIN	9
"TRYING TO GET ALL PEOPLE TO WORK IN HARMONY"—WOOD	10
AUDIENCE OF NEARLY 400 GREETS SPEAKER ON RENOMINATION	12
HOW THE BUDGET WAS BALANCED	15
A RECORD OF ECONOMY	15
ALEX. MOORE AGAIN NOMINATED U.F.A. CANDIDATE FOR COCHRANE	16
URGES ALL MEMBERS TO WORK EARNESTLY AND DILIGENTLY	17
NELSON SMITH AGAIN NOMINATED FOR OLDS	17
"CAPTAIN J. T. SHAW'S MANIFESTO"—"PROMISING" DOCUMENT	18
HAS THE RECORD OF THE U. F. A. JUSTIFIED ITS EXISTENCE?	20
UNITED RANKS IN WAINWRIGHT IN SUPPORT OF J. R. LOVE	22
ORGANIZE FOR ELECTION DAY AND STUDY ELECTIONS ACT CAREFULLY	24
COMPLETE LIST OF U. F. A. CANDIDATES IN FIELD	27
SHAW VS. SHAW—THE STORY TOLD BY J. T. SHAW HIMSELF	28
EMPRESS CONVENTION CHOOSES W. C. SMITH	29
PARTY SYSTEM FAILURE AS BUSINESS PROPOSITION	30

EDITORIAL

BRING OUT THE VOTE ON JUNE 28TH

The result of the election to be held on June 28th, will depend, in the main, upon the manner in which the rural voters respond to the opportunity to express their citizenship at the polls. It is of the utmost importance that as far as possible, every voter should have the opportunity and be persuaded to cast his or her vote on election day.

Elsewhere in this issue we publish a number of suggestions to U. F. A. Locals, in reference to the work of bringing out the vote. These suggestions may be found of much value where organization for this purpose is not as yet complete. The issue to be decided by the electorate warrants the exertion of every effort, particularly by officers and members of the Association, to ensure a maximum poll.

The record of progress of the U. F. A. Government has been laid before the people. Upon the strength of that record; upon the faith of the people in their own ability to carry on their own business in their own way; and upon their unwillingness to respond to the counsel of the politicians and the party newspapers which seek to divide the farmers' ranks, the issue will be decided. If the vote can be brought out, we believe that the organization can face the issue with the utmost confidence.

* * *

FARMERS HAVE NO DESIRE TO TURN BACK

As the figures published in this number reveal, there has been a rallying of the farmers' forces throughout the length and breadth of the Province during the past few months, and especially during the months of May and June. The membership of the U. F. A. for the period of five and a half months is 57 per cent. greater than it was for the corresponding period in 1925.

One of the main factors in bringing about this notable expansion is the determination of the farmers—even of those who, temporarily, allowed their memberships to lapse—that there shall be no return in Alberta to the evils of partysm from which, by the U. F. A. Government, the Province has been freed. The farmers of Alberta who five years ago for the first time appeared upon the political field as an irresistible, united force, have, we believe, no desire to turn back.

Unity in the farmers' ranks has never been so marked as today, since the first great wave of enthusiasm passed over the Province in 1920 and 1921, overcoming the spirit of partizanship, and carrying into power a Government whose policy is based upon a new principle—the principle of co-operation in place of division. The party speakers who are now touring the Province have for the most part, met with what, to them, must have been a surprisingly unencouraging reception. Many of the rural meetings which are reported to the tune of several columns under large headings on the front pages of the dailies, have been in fact very poorly attended. One of the difficulties with which the leaders of both of the old line parties have been confronted, has been the widespread knowledge of the record of the Government among the rural people.

* * *

The greatest danger to the movement and to the U. F. A. Government would be an attitude of over-confidence among the farmers.

* * *

FINANCING THE ELECTION ACTIVITIES

We wish again to make a strong appeal to every member of the Association, and to all Locals and District and Constituency Associations, to contribute to the extent of their power to the election fund.

The appeal for funds to carry on the Athabasca Election Inquiry has met with a generous response from the membership. This fund is for the purpose of putting an end to the practice of corruption in one particular part of the Province.

The result of the general election on June 28th will determine the history of the Province, possibly for a generation. Many times the sum subscribed to the Athabasca fund are needed. The expenses necessary to carry on the election activities are unavoidably large, and there is no source from which funds can come or are desired, other than the membership of the Association.

The success of the U. F. A. plan of democratic action is absolutely dependent upon our membership. If the appeals to passion and prejudice, which are being made in the daily press in a crescendo of hysterical utterance, are to be effectively met, adequate funds are essential. The daily press is unanimous in its desire to destroy the U. F. A. political movement. Are you prepared to meet the challenge, not only by working, but also by giving the best financial assistance you can give to ensure the victory of your own policies?

* * *

WILL PUBLISH LIST OF CONTRIBUTIONS

At a recent meeting of the U. F. A. Executive Committee, it was decided that publicity shall be given to all contributions to the U. F. A. election fund. No political party has ever ventured to make public the sources of its campaign contributions.

* * *

We cannot deal in this issue with the many columns of misrepresentation and misleading statement which are being broadcast daily by many of the party newspapers. But here is one example—from the Calgary Albertan. Under the heading of, "The Liberal Program," the Calgary Albertan stated on June 9th, that the U. F. A. Government was doing "nothing with the debt but increase it," and added, "If the Alberta Government would set aside a modest sum, such as \$50,000 a year for fifty years, it would have at the end of that time more than \$10,000,000 to apply on the present debt." The newspaper then proceeds to suggest that this would be the policy of the Liberal party, in contrast to that of the U. F. A. Government. The Albertan omits to state that the amount

(Continued on page 26)

Will Alberta Reaffirm Her Faith in the Movement Towards Achievement of Genuine Democracy?

Failure in Test on June 28th Would Be Betrayal of the Cause of the People in Every Civilized Country — Organized Farmers in Alberta Form Part of Great Forward Movement of the People in Many Countries — Why New Movement Has Grown in Spite of Press Hostility

By HON. IRENE PARLBY

"Are human beings ever going to rise to the solving of the social problems their civilization has brought in its train?"

As we read the speeches of our two opposing parties on the public platforms of this Province, as we watch the underground whipping up in every little locality of the forces of confusion, bitterness, prejudice, and narrow self-interest, we can but ask ourselves this question many times in the twenty-four hours.

Bernard Shaw, the great student of society, says that if we do not prove capable of getting together to solve our problems, then the power that produced man will eliminate us, and produce some Beings more capable of carrying on the task of evolution.

Surely the methods adopted by the old political parties, are not the methods by which human beings are going to rise to the solving of these problems?

And surely it is because of a realization of this, because also of an almost unconscious struggle for self-preservation on the part of the great masses of the people in several countries through somewhat similar movements to our own, that the breaking down of the old political parties is slowly but surely taking place.

PART OF GREAT FORWARD MOVEMENT

We are too apt to narrow our vision to the valleys within which we dwell. We are too apt to concentrate our attention on our own particular movement in this little corner of the world. We should gain strength, and inspiration, and courage, if we would only keep in mind the thought that we are only one part of a great forward movement of the people of many countries, towards a more enlightened method of political expression suited to their needs and problems; suited also to that evolutionary development which we must either help forward or through which we must go under, to be replaced by something more efficient. The end to which we are irresistibly moving may be afar off, none of us are likely to live to see it; it will have many set-backs, many deserters, many stragglers from the main trail, but it has already established a new principle in the history of human affairs.

TOWARDS A GENUINE DEMOCRACY

If I may quote from one of the leaders of the independent political movement in the Old Country, "We are evolving a new form. Slowly we are pushing our way towards a genuine democracy. Let him who looks forward in doubt look back a little and be consoled."

There is nothing revolutionary, nothing extraordinary in the birth and growth of

a new political movement; nothing discouraging in the fact to which our opponents so often point, that they sometimes rise and fall. On the surface they may appear to fail or rather the form in which they attempt to give expression to their aspirations may fail, but the leaven never dies, and its working is always clearly apparent to the student of human affairs.

The new forces still constitute a pioneer movement here as elsewhere and must expect the vicissitudes that all pioneer movements have to undergo. In the old land, to quote again, "The pioneers have passed on in life's eternal march—men and women who had the



HON. IRENE PARLBY
Minister Without Portfolio in the Alberta Government

faith that will remove mountains. They tilled and harrowed the soil and planted the seed. They sowed that others might reap. And viewing the generous harvest of the present, one cannot look back upon the conditions in which the new movement was launched, without marveling at the sublime faith and unshakable courage, of those who undertook a task that was regarded by some of their contemporaries as impossible of accomplishment."

Those were the words of another great leader of the people in the Old Country, but they surely have some meaning for us.

Our task has been perhaps an even more difficult one than theirs. They had the strength of a strongly developed national character to build on; a character grown strong and calm and steady

through centuries of endeavor to achieve justice and freedom. We have a new and heterogeneous population of many nationalities, not yet welded together, and we have all the disabilities under which the independent political labor movement in Britain labored.

HOSTILITY OF PRESS TO NEW MOVEMENT

Chief among these, one might remember, the hostility of the old party press, the most powerful weapon in the world today, responsible more than anything else for the rise and fall of governments, under the present state of political education—the misrepresentation by all those who are personally, or as a class, interested in its extinction. But in spite of these, the new political movement, both here and elsewhere, has grown in a marvellous way, if we consider the short period since its inception, both here and elsewhere. It has grown because it has appealed to the latent sense of justice in all worth while people, and to intellect rather than prejudice and passion.

Only five short years ago the organized farmers of this Province had the vision of a Legislature, composed of men co-operating for one end—the well being of the people of the Province. Fired with that inspiration they went out on their political crusade, with an almost religious zeal and enthusiasm.

Our opponents liken our success in 1921 to a prairie fire, and are saying today that the fire is extinct, and that the polls on June 28th will show it.

OPPONENTS TAKE FALSE COMFORT

Let them, if they wish, brace themselves up with all the false comfort they can gain from that statement, but let them remember, also, that anyone who has had to fight prairie fires knows that oftentimes when you have been lulled into a false security under the impression that you have finally and completely extinguished the flames, they are apt to rise again with equal fury in some unexpected place and way.

Since 1921 there may have been some backsliders; it would be strange if there were not. Our ideal is difficult of attainment; it can at best be only a matter of slow, steady growth, and the old party war cries, empty and meaningless as they are, can still inflame, can still capture, because they appeal to the strongest characteristic of man—that of self-interest.

But there is no reason for us to be discouraged; no need to let the ideal slip; no need to follow the example of those, who, having once seen the light, deliberately returned to the ways of darkness.

COMPARE SPEECHES OF THREE LEADERS

To win the present campaign it is not necessary to copy the methods of our opponents; the same old methods, of the same old party machines. Any intelligent human being who compares and analyses the speeches of the three party leaders in the present campaign, and who has been trained in the ethics of fair play; anyone who has any generous instincts, cannot fail to pick out our present Premier as the man they would wish to follow.

It is inconceivable that the farmers of this Province should take any other step, and I am personally convinced that when the polls are closed on election day, a considerable proportion of the citizens of this Province who are not farmers will have cast in their lot with us. That will be the beginning of a real co-operation in Government.

HOLDING BACK OUR PROGRESS

The people are becoming more convinced day by day that the perpetuation of the old party names in Provincial affairs is an absurdity, that is holding back our progress here as it is in Federal affairs. The day of Whigs and Tories is past. They had their origin in the fierce struggle for the preservation or curtailment of the divine right of kings. That question was settled long ago, and today to students of political affairs, there can be found no widely divergent principles which keep these two parties divided. Indeed, we can already glimpse a gradual merging of the two in a desperate effort to destroy this new movement that has dared to lift its head and challenge their power.

EYES OF THE WORLD ON ALBERTA

Today the eyes of the world are on Alberta. If we fail we shall not only deal a deadly blow at our whole movement, but we shall betray the cause of the people in every civilized country. We shall give fresh hope and vigor to our opponents in every line of endeavor, and we shall set back the clock of political evolution.

Surely the U. F. A. could never be responsible for such treachery!

MUST BE PART OF POLITICAL LIFE

Our opponents tell us we must be very careful not to drag our co-operative ventures into politics, and not to allow their purity to be sullied by any allusion to them by farmer members; but while making no comment as to where the credit for the organization of the Pools should go, because that is quite unnecessary to the farmers of this Province, I should like to point out that of course the Pools have always been in politics, and always will be, for politics are merely the science of living; our co-operative movement is a most important part of our economic life, and, therefore, part of the science of living which we are endeavoring to develop, and, therefore, they must be part of our political life.

Because through party methods, the term politics has become discredited; because its correct meaning has become confused, is no reason why we should continue the misunderstanding. It was because of our conviction that politics meant the science of living, and that that

science could never be adequately developed under the old party methods, that we threw down the gage of battle in 1921, and it was because of our faith that we were right in our conviction, that we were enabled to attain the victory we did.

Has that conviction grown any less firm through all the five years that have passed?

Lacombe Determined Upon Re-election of Mrs. Parlby, June 28

Gives Excellent Account of Her Stewardship at Convention—Premier's Speech Reveals Cleanness and Honesty

ALIX, June 10.—The Lacombe Globe asks, "Is the U. F. A. slipping?"

Well, I'll say not. We held our constituency Convention yesterday (9th); fifty-four delegates registered, and there were about 100 visitors.

A. C. Johnstone, of Clive, was elected chairman for the day, and the following officers were appointed to carry on for the coming year: President, R. H. Haskins, Clive; vice-president, Mrs. C. E. Stone, Alix; directors, S. Sande, Leslieville; J. H. Suggett, Bentley; C. R. Abbott, Lacombe; E. Heath, Blackfalds; J. May, Clive, F. McDonald, Mirror.

CALLS FOR UNITED EFFORT

Two names were placed before the Convention when the chairman called for nominations for a representative to contest the coming Provincial election, those of Hon. Irene Parlby, of Alix, and R. E. Chowen, of Bentley. On the vote being taken the Hon. Irene Parlby received the nomination, and Mr. Chowen then pledged his own support and called upon everybody to work unitedly for their nominee.

There was a splendid spirit of enthusiasm throughout the whole day, and a determination to again carry this constituency. Finances are in good condition and with the willingness of the delegates to put their shoulders to the wheel, there should be no lack of funds.

Previous to nominations, Mrs. Parlby addressed the Convention, giving an excellent account of her stewardship for the past five years, and also that of the Government of which she is a member.

Mrs. Parlby and the Premier, Hon. J. E. Brownlee, addressed a full house in the evening. Hon. J. E. Brownlee, in a speech which lasted over two hours, reviewed the record of the Government for the last five years; seldom have we been privileged to hear, in this Province, a speech so clean and honest and free from destructive criticism.

C. WOLFERSTAN.

"Honest, Able, Ineffective"

A Covert Sneer by a Paper Published in the Interests of "Young Canadians" at the High Standard of Public Morality Set by the U. F. A. Government—A Paper Which Has Succumbed Without Investigation Into Facts, to Election Propaganda of Party Press

By Mrs. R. B. GUNN, President U. F. W. A.

Under the above title appears a screed in the "Onward" of June 12, 1926, a paper published for Young Canadians, in regard to Governmental activity.

There is no mistaking the reference to the honest administration of the U.F.A. Government since this is conceded by all Government opponents for the first time in the history of any regime in Canada. Nor can the comment be relevant to any other, since the Alberta Government is the only one on the eve of an election.

In the first place we are all familiar with the political propaganda of "ineffectiveness" which our opponents have endeavored by constant repetition to instill into the minds of the electors at this time. And in passing it is surely regrettable that the propaganda should have been accepted by the paper in question without reference to the facts.

WHAT IDEALS DOES ONWARD SEEK TO INCULCATE?

But the deplorable feature is that this paper is distributed to thousands of our 'teen age boys and girls. Let us examine the ideals and aspirations which it aims to inculcate in these youthful minds.

Does the article urge a higher standard of public morality, and commend the same? Does it recognize ability dedicated to public service and present it to youthful ambition as a worthy objective? It does not.

This paper, distributed in our Sunday schools as a guide to the young citizens of today, does not hesitate to sneer covertly at the determination of the people of Alberta to bring the same

standard of morality into public affairs that has heretofore characterized private life.

MIGHT WELL BE HELD UP AS EXAMPLE

Surely honesty, uprightness, integrity and ability, which this article concedes, might well be held up to our young Canadians as a shining example of the new idealism in government. But no, the article clearly suggests ability, sincerity, honesty and idealism are not prerequisites to successful public life. Is this, then, the attitude of mind we wish our young people to accept? Does this voice the best thought of our people? Is this the teaching we wish disseminated in our Sunday schools? I do not believe that such teaching will meet with the approval of the people of Alberta.

WILL JUDGE DEBATE

William G. Carpenter, principal of the Institute of Technology and Supervisor of Vocational Training for the Province of Alberta, has kindly consented to act as judge in the debate between the Calgary U. F. A. Local and the "Wheat Kernels" on June 21st, on the subject, "That the British General Strike Was Justified."

Diamond Valley Local, in the Evarts district, which was re-organized in the spring, is making good progress, according to letters from the secretary, Mrs. P. Larson. As the district is thinly settled, the men, women and juniors are working together in a joint Local.

Educational Progress in Alberta During Past Five Years Surpasses Record of Any Previous Period

Expenditure on Education Increased; More Schooling Received by Pupils; Teachers Better Trained, and General Standard of Educational System Raised—A Brief Survey of the Advances Made Since 1921

No Department of the Government has been more criticized during the present election and with less reason, than the Department of Education. Possibly the reason is that Hon. Perren Baker, Minister of Education, is not a self-advertiser. In this respect he differs from his predecessor, Hon. Geo. P. Smith, who, as was recently revealed, was very closely connected with the printing industry during his term of office, and knew how to get publicity for his Department.

J. T. Shaw, in recent addresses, accuses the Education Department under the present administration of pursuing a policy of drift. It is interesting to compare in what direction the drift has been since the people of this Province relieved Geo. P. Smith from the care of their children's education.

Here are the figures:

1. MORE MONEY IS BEING SPENT

(a) Appropriations on account of Education for 1926 are greater than those



A. B. CLAYPOOL
Re-nominated for Didsbury

of 1921 by \$100,000; for 1926 are greater than those of 1920 by \$600,000.

(b) Total appropriations on account of education, 1921-1925 are greater than those of previous five-year period by \$5,000,000.

(c) Total appropriations for grants to schools greater by \$2,219,000.

(d) In addition, districts in financial difficulty have been assisted by loans to the extent of \$484,000, the amount for the previous period being \$188,000.

2. MORE SCHOOLING IS BEING RECEIVED

(a) A larger percentage of the schools are in operation.

(b) The average period of operation is longer.

(c) The regularity of attendance is greater—the average monthly percentage of attendance in 1920 being 82.76, and in 1925, 87.44, with the result that—

(d) Pupils attended school on the average, 26½ days more in 1925 than in 1920.

(e) Number of pupils attending less than 100 days, 1920, 60,641; 1925, 36,145. Percentage of enrolment attending less than 100 days, 1920, 44.7; 1925, 24.4.

Other causes than lack of opportunity figure here, as 12,206 of this 36,145 were enrolled in city, town and village schools, which operated the full year.

Similarly, every year in rural districts which operate the full term, many pupils, on account of sickness and various other reasons, are kept from school half the time. Obviously, little children beginning school at the first of April, as many of them do in the country, will not attend 100 days before the closing of the statistical year at the end of June.

3. TEACHERS ON THE WHOLE BETTER TRAINED

(a) The standard required to pass the High School examinations has been raised.

(b) All pupils entering Normal must now have complete Grade XI standing.

(c) Trained teachers are now in charge of almost all schools. Permits issued to untrained persons in 1920, 668; 1925, 65; 1921, 779; 1926, 6 to May 25th.

4. GENERAL LEVEL OF ATTAINMENT GREATLY RAISED

The increased amount of schooling, resulting from longer operation of schools, and greater regularity of attendance, together with the more efficient instruction given, has brought about a most astonishing raising of the general level of attainment of the pupils in our schools, as shown by:

(a) In 1920 only 899 of our rural schools had pupils writing the Grade VIII examinations.

In 1926 this number has grown to 1,725.

(b) In 1920, but 6.74 per cent. of our pupils were enrolled in High School grades.

In 1925 the number of High School students had increased to 9.95 per cent.

The progress of the past five years in this respect exceeds that of the previous ten years, and the movement has only begun.

These striking figures with reference to Grade VIII prove beyond all doubt that during the past five years the Province has made remarkable progress toward the first objective which the Government has had constantly in view—a minimum attainment before leaving school, of Grade VIII for every child. They also remind us that we

must immediately grapple with the vital problem of providing Secondary education on a much more comprehensive scale.

5. OTHER PHASES OF PROGRESS MADE

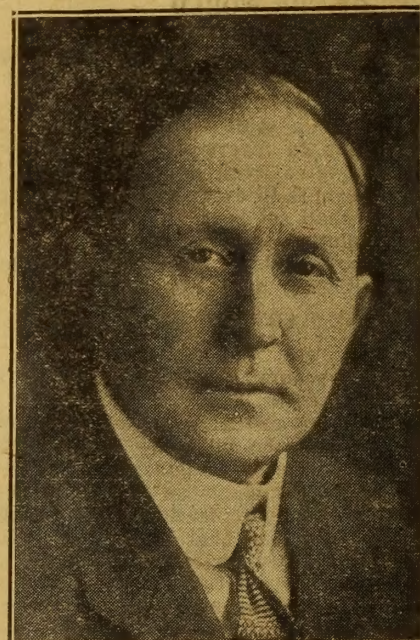
(a) A complete revision of both Elementary and Secondary Courses of Study with the adoption of the Unit System in High School grades.

(b) The Department will, from now on, supply all school books at cost—estimated saving to the people, 15 to 20 per cent.

(c) The inauguration of a system of Correspondence Helps under which over 700 children in outlying homes have been receiving the help of the Department with their studies. This scheme which has proven a great boon to many homes hitherto left to their own educational resources, has attracted the attention of other Provinces, several of which, after investigating the Alberta plan, are establishing similar services.

(d) Special attention has been given to education among the "New Canadians." Within the past three years, under guidance of the Department, 25 of these districts have replaced their old, overcrowded, one-room schools with fine two-room buildings; and with capable teachers in charge, the children are making outstanding progress.

(e) Although there has been this very remarkable, general progress, there still remain too many school districts which are



E. E. SPARKS
Re-nominated for Wetaskiwin

not financially strong enough to maintain a school for even a reasonable portion of the school year. For the help of these districts, legislation recently passed provides for additional grants to all districts having an assessed valuation of less than \$75,000. These grants will range from \$32.00 to \$448.00 per year, according to the assessed valuation of the district, and should go a long way toward the elimination of the short term school. Should they prove inadequate further measures must be taken.

(Continued on page 31)

Even Elastic Rules of Fratricidal Party Warfare Are Broken by Such Statements as These

A Strange Commentary by J. H. Woods, as Reported in the Calgary Herald, on the Alberta Government and the Wheat Pool—Brownlee Staunch Friend and Dependable Adviser of Pool From Very Beginning, but Has Never Messed Into Pool Affairs for Advertising Purposes or Self Glorification

By PRESIDENT H. W. WOOD

In a special dispatch to the Calgary Herald dated June the 3rd, purporting to be a report of a speech made at High River the previous night by Mr. J. H. Woods, editor of the Herald, I find the following very remarkable statement:

"Dealing at some length with the subject of the Wheat Pool, Mr.

Woods pointed out that not only did the U. F. A. Government take no part in its formation, but had even shown an inclination to oppose it."

While great latitude is given to politicians representing the old political system that divides the people into warring camps against each other, this statement is so unusual that it seems to me it is hardly permissible even under the recognized code of political fratricidal warfare.

As chairman of the U. F. A. Board of Directors that called a meeting of that Board for July 1st, 1923, for the purpose of organizing a Provincial Wheat Pool in Alberta (which by the way represents the first effort in Western Canada at organizing a Provincial Wheat Pool) this statement sounds very strange to me.

As I now recall the facts, the Alberta Government had made an appropriation to cover the expenses of investigating co-operative marketing of farm products, especially as related to wheat. Mr. Brownlee and Mr. Reid, both members of the Alberta Government, made a trip through some of the Western States to that end. The present Government has never, to my knowledge, shown anything but the most friendly attitude toward the Wheat Pool.

STAUNCH FRIEND FROM THE BEGINNING

So far as Mr. Brownlee is concerned, from the very beginning the Alberta Wheat Pool Board has considered him a staunch friend and its most dependable adviser, both legally and otherwise.

I think the same can be said in regard to the attitude of the Canadian Wheat Pool Board toward Mr. Brownlee.

It is true that Mr. McGillivray wrote the Alberta Wheat Pool contract, but the Board secured his services under the advice of Mr. Brownlee, and depended very largely on Mr. Brownlee's advice on the final adoption of said contract. The Board considered that it paid Mr. McGillivray very well indeed for the service rendered, and while I understand that a so-called co-operative marketing expert said the contract was not worth the paper it was written on, or words to that effect, the Board still believes that the so-called co-operative marketing expert was mistaken.

HAS NEVER SOUGHT SELF-GLORIFICATION

While Mr. Brownlee has never messed into Pool affairs for advertising or self-glorification purposes, he has been considered the best friend and most reliable adviser of the Pools in Western Canada, and his services have been sought more than once to fill positions of great responsibility in

the Canadian Pool. The only reason he is not filling such a position today, is his keen sense of duty in continuing work in public service that he had already undertaken. He is not only recognized in Canada as an authority on the co-operative marketing of wheat, but his reputation is international.

Judge R. W. Bingham, Chairman of the National Council of Farmers' Co-operative Marketing Associations of the United States, speaks of the Canadian Wheat Pool as "a powerful co-operative marketing association built up under the brilliant leadership of men like Brownlee . . ." Among those who have given outside assistance to the Wheat Pool I would unhesitatingly put Mr. Brownlee first.

SYLVAN LAKE POOL MEETING

A meeting of Wheat Pool members was held at Sylvan Lake on June 9th, for the purpose of nominating a delegate to the annual meeting of the Wheat Pool for District E4. "We are satisfied that this was the beginning of a move that will be carried on in other districts next year," writes the secretary of Sylvan Lake Local, G. R. H. Fanche, "as we think it a much more efficient way than the former method of elections."

MRS. GUNN IN CALGARY

"We are endeavoring to found a true government of the people, by the people, and for the people," said Mrs. R. B. Gunn at a meeting held under the auspices of the Calgary U. F. A. and U. F. W. A. in

the Public Library in Calgary, on Wednesday evening, June 16th.

Stressing the fact that labor and agriculture had worked together hand in hand in Alberta, Mrs. Gunn urged that Alex. Ross and F. J. White, Labor candidates running in Calgary, receive the endorsement of the electorate.

Galbraith Named for Nanton Riding

Unanimous Choice of Convention—Fine Addresses by V. W. Smith, McPherson and Brown

NANTON, June 7.—D. H. Galbraith, who has represented Nanton in the Legislature for the past five years, was the unanimous choice of the Convention here today as candidate in the forthcoming election. Mr. Galbraith was unable to be present in person, owing to an engagement in Philadelphia. One other name, that of T. H. Hagerman, was placed before the Convention, but he immediately withdrew. W. D. Ranson, president, was absent, and Max E. Malchow, of Stavely, occupied the chair.

Excellent addresses were given during the day by the Minister of Railways and Telephones, Hon. V. W. Smith, and the Speaker, Hon. O. L. McPherson, who scored several deep thrusts against the unfairness of the daily papers, and pointed out that the U. F. A. Government is the only administration in North America which has no daily press support. A very fine address was also given by Sam Brown.

Resolutions were adopted endorsing the administration and the Federal U. F. A. member, G. G. Coote.

With only two dissenting votes, the Convention adopted a resolution proposed by Hugh F. Spencer, granting representation on the same basis as U. F. A. Locals to an organization of townsmen organized for economic and political purposes along similar lines to the U. F. A.

Officers elected were: President, Max E. Malchow, Stavely; Wm. Bowie, Alston, first vice-president; Mrs. W. G. Kirchoff, Nanton, second vice-president; T. H. Hagerman, Parkland, third vice-president; Hugh F. Spencer, secretary-treasurer.

Very high tributes to the work of the member were paid during the Convention. "During the five years that Mr. Galbraith has been in the Legislature," stated Mr. Spencer, "he has practiced the spirit of democracy, and has never practiced partizanship. He has been a real representative of the people."

MEMBERSHIP DUES FOR THE FIRST FIVE AND A HALF MONTHS SHOW INCREASE OF 57 PER CENT.

Rally to U. F. A. Standard Is Taking Place, in Preparation for Election

For the first five and a half months of 1926 the U. F. A. membership dues paid show an increase of 57 per cent. as compared with the same period last year.

The most notable increase has taken place in the months of May and June. In May, 1925, the dues paid to Central Office totalled 851, and in May, 1926, the total was 2,024. For the first half of June, 1925, the total number of dues paid was 373, while up to June 15th of this year the month's total is 1,507.

In all parts of the Province there has been a great increase in activity among the Locals, and many successful drives are reported. The Provincial election has aroused greatly increased interest in U. F. A. activities, and a general rally to the U. F. A. standard is taking place.

NEWS FROM THE ALBERTA WHEAT POOL HEAD OFFICE

A Page of Information for Wheat Pool Members and Locals.

From the Secretary's Desk

MEMBER'S PRIVILEGES IN SHIPPING TO THE POOL

Since our circular has gone out to each of our shippers, advising them of the arrangements for the organization of a new grain handling company under the joint control of the Pool and the U.G.G., we have received several inquiries as to whether a member will be required to market his wheat through an elevator controlled by this new company, provided there are other elevators at the same point, and if a member will be at

liberty to load his wheat over the platform at such point and bill it direct to the Pool. The impression appears to exist that at any point where the new handling company is operating an elevator, whether it is owned by the U. G. G. or the Pool, our members will be required to deliver their wheat there and no place else.

Through Any Elevator

While under the terms of the contract a member is required to deliver his wheat at the time and place designated by the Association, our members have always been given the privilege of putting their wheat through any elevator of their choice, with the rare exception of an elevator operated by a company

with whom no contract for the handling of Pool wheat existed. It is anticipated that similar arrangements will be made with practically all line companies for the handling of the 1926 wheat crop. It will therefore be possible to continue this policy, and MEMBERS WILL BE PRIVILEGED TO DELIVER THEIR WHEAT TO THE POOL THROUGH ANY ELEVATOR WHICH THEY WISH TO PATRONIZE. They will, of course, also be at liberty to load their car over the platform and bill it direct to the Pool.

It should be borne in mind, however, that the Pool shares in the profits on the handling of wheat through elevators operated by the new company, and that THESE PROFITS ARE PRO-RATED BACK TO THE POOL. The Pool DOES NOT share in the handling profits on wheat shipped through other line companies.

* * *

SHOW NEED FOR MEMBERS' CO-OPERATION

There are now 36,583 names on our membership list. Of these 585 are marked "address unknown," so that we were unable to get a list and ballot card to any of these. Besides this, the post office is now returning to us an average of fifty envelopes a day containing lists sent to members who have moved to other parts and left no address. This is an illustration of one of our many problems and demonstrates the necessity for co-operation on the members' part in keeping Head Office notified of any change of address.

* * *

231 WHEAT POOL LOCALS LISTED

There are now 231 Locals on our mailing list. Many of these are very active and through their Secretary are keeping in close touch with Head Office. Others are not so active. Head Office intends to do its part by keeping in touch with our Locals, but we cannot carry on a one-sided correspondence indefinitely. Where Locals do not respond to our letters we will have to assume that such Locals have disbanded, and we will then be under the necessity of striking their name from our mailing list. No Local should remain in need of information on Pool operations. We like to get letters from our Local Secretaries and will do our best to answer any and all questions. So do not hesitate about asking.

* * *

SPECIAL STATIONERY

We have mailed, to all Local Secretaries, a supply of letterheads and envelopes, especially prepared for the use of Locals. The envelopes carry a 2c. stamp, which will be the full postal rate after July 1st next. On any letters sent prior to that date an extra 1c stamp should be affixed. Some of the envelopes are self addressed to Head Office, the remainder being left blank to be used in addressing to destination other than Head Office. When this supply is exhausted let us know.

"MOST IMPORTANT EVENT OF POST-WAR YEARS IN WESTERN CANADA DEVELOPMENT OF THE WHEAT POOL"—LONDON TIMES

High Tribute to Economic Benefits Gained by Western Farmers Through Co-operative Marketing Is Paid by Great British Newspaper—"Solid Basis for Widespread Cheerfulness in Higher Price of Wheat"

Under the heading of "Wheat Pools in the West—Farmers' Optimism", the London Times Empire number of May 24th contains a long article from its Winnipeg correspondent dealing with the outlook in Western Canada. The article starts with the statement that more than the usual degree of western optimism is apparent in Western Canada, and after referring to the favorable weather says that, "a more solid basis for the widespread cheerfulness may be found in the high price of wheat which has reigned now for the past two seasons. The most important event of the post-war years in Western Canada is the development of co-operative marketing through the Wheat Pool." The article proceeds:

"Few people outside the West can appreciate what the formation of the Pool means to the average farmer, living isolated and alone and far from the widely separated railway lines. Before the advent of the Pool, the farmer found himself every autumn hard pressed by his creditors who had advanced him the necessary funds to pay the cost of his summer's operations. As soon as his crop was harvested, therefore, he was forced to haul his wheat into the nearest town or village on a railway where the local elevator company was prepared to buy it. The farmer was in no position to hold his crop in the hope of higher prices. He needed the cash too badly and was forced to take the current price.

BENEFITS OF THE POOL SYSTEM

"Nowadays he is a member of the Pool, and delivers his wheat where and when the Pool asks for it. The Pool makes an interim payment early in the autumn, which tides the farmer over his immediate need for ready money, and markets the wheat when it sees fit. The Pool pays the same price to all its members, making deductions for administrative expenses and a further deduction for a fund with which it intends to purchase or build elevators of its own. The payments to the farmers are spread over the year. Thus in the autumn the farmer gets a substantial sum. In the New Year he receives another instalment which may be used for the expenses incidental to seeding and ploughing, and in the summer receives a final payment which provides for the threshing and harvesting of the new crop. Instead of getting money in hand once a year, as in the old days, the farmer gets his income in three instalments. The result is highly praised by all who do business with the farmer, from the banker to the merchant. They declare that their customer is able to buy more and pay for it more regularly.

TOTAL OF 121,994 FARMERS IN POOL

"That the farmers generally are in favor of the new system, which came into effect in 1924, is shown by the latest figures of membership in the Pool. Altogether, 121,994 farmers have signed contracts to deliver their wheat to the Pool, which, as a result, controls 60 per cent. of the wheat acreage of Alberta, 73 per cent. in Saskatchewan, and 50 per cent. in Manitoba. Besides the Wheat Pool there are also "Coarse Grain Pools" and "Poultry Pools", as well as co-operative societies which undertake the sale of livestock and creamery products."

Sam Brown Is Again Selected U.F.A. Candidate for High River Riding by Majority on the First Count

**"Democracy in Action" at Big Convention Attended by Nearly Hundred Delegates and Twice as Many Visitors—Fine Addresses by President Wood and Others
—"No Such Word as Failure" in U. F. A. Campaign in High River, States H. C. Wingate—Henry Goodwin Promises Fullest Support for Candidate Nominated**

By JOHN MACKENZIE

HIGH RIVER, June 10.—"Democracy in action" would be a fitting phrase to apply to the High River U. F. A. Convention, held in the Town Hall, High River, on June 10th. Ninety-six accredited delegates were in attendance, with twice that number of visitors.

Marked enthusiasm prevailed throughout the Convention. Three candidates, Sam Brown, H. C. Wingate and Henry Goodwin, were nominated, Sam Brown, the present member, receiving the nomination by a majority vote.

It was an auspicious day throughout, for besides setting the progressive forces in action, it marks the breaking of the long drought spell which had been regarded with considerable anxiety.

A fine address was given by H. W. Wood, president of the U. F. A., comparing the U. F. A. system with the party system. This address is given in extenso in another part of this issue.

The first business done by the Convention was the appointment of a resolutions and credentials committee. Officers of the District Association were then elected as follows: President, H. C. Wingate; vice-president, Mrs. Kiser; delegates at large, C. C. Short, High River; A. Vine, Loch Sloy. The Executive consists of two representatives from each U. F. A. and U. F. W. A. Local in the riding.

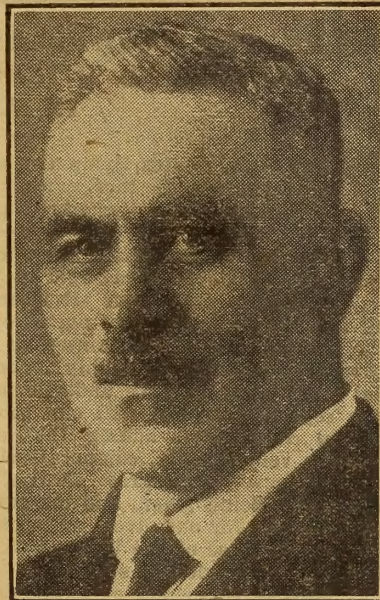
BROWN DISCUSSES GOVERNMENT RECORD

The first address to the Convention was by Sam Brown, the representative of the constituency in the last Legislature, who first of all dealt with the Government's financial record, destroying the legend of their responsibility for the increased debt, so industriously circulated by the opposition.

An interesting comparison was made in regard to road construction as distributed now, according to population, engineers' reports, etc., compared with the policy followed under the party system. In 1921 the amount spent in road work in High River constituency, then represented by a Conservative, was \$61.76, while in the constituency of Sturgeon, represented by Hon. J. R. Boyle, then Liberal Attorney-General, \$52,000 was spent. Amounts spent in High River constituency for the previous four years of the Liberal administration were: 1917, \$12.79; 1918, \$1,500; 1919, \$3,100; 1920, \$4.90. During the past four years the amount spent by arrangement with the municipalities, had been \$13,461. This did not include the construction or maintenance of the fine gravelled highway that passed through the constituency. Every constituency was treated with equal fairness, irrespective of the politics of the member.

FARMERS IN BUSINESS AND POLITICS

Mr. Brown then dealt with the natural resources situation, education, and other matters of administration. He then proceeded to trace the growth of co-operative effort in Western Canada for the past twenty years. The farmers had then been advised to keep out of business and leave it to those who had been handling their business for them for years past. It was now acknowledged that the farmer in business had been successful. Five years ago they had been advised to keep out of politics and leave politics to the politi-



SAM BROWN
Again U.F.A. Standard-bearer in High River

cians. They had not heeded that advice, and had proved themselves capable of handling the affairs of the Province better than the professional politicians. The opposition instead of trying to help them, had endeavored to inveigle them into traps, but the opposition usually fell foul of their own traps, instead of snaring the Government. The U.F.A. aim was to run the Government on the same non-party basis as a municipal council.

TENTACLES OF THE OTTAWA OCTOPUS

There would be no party system in this Province but for the Dominion party system. It was only a tentacle of the Ottawa octopus. It strengthened the Dominion organizations and those who were in the system were in it for hope of reward.

With regard to Mr. Shaw, his greatest asset was that he had never been a Lib-

eral up to the time of this election. Many of Mr. Shaw's platform planks were already in effect, as Mr. Brown showed by an examination of them.

SCYTHE VS. THE MODERN BINDER

In concluding, Mr. Brown compared the party system with the old time scythe, which was a useful instrument in its day, but no one would think of using it now when binders were available. Why then use obsolete methods in the Government of the Province?

At the conclusion of Mr. Wood's address, the three candidates briefly addressed the gathering, and on the vote being taken, Mr. Brown was declared elected by a clear majority.

The candidates' addresses were very brief. Mr. Brown said that if they considered he had not carried the banner of the organization as he should have done it was their duty to nominate someone else. He had acted to the best of his ability.

Henry Goodwin thanked his friends for nominating him. He had had no previous political experience, but had been a member of the U. F. A. since it was organized. He would not promise to support all measures proposed by the Government if he considered they were not in the interest of the constituency. He would work his hardest for any candidate the U. F. A. nominated.

H. C. Wingate said the glamor of public office did not appeal to him as strongly as it once did. He had been a member of the U. F. A. for the past sixteen or seventeen years. The organization wanted a candidate whom every U. F. A. man would get behind, and there would be no such word as failure in electing their candidate to the Legislature.

Sam Brown, in returning thanks for his re-nomination, said that as in the past, when re-elected, he would endeavor to be the representative of all the people in his riding.

Following a short speech of thanks by the nominee, the Convention closed with the singing of the National Anthem.

Washburn is Again U.F.A. Nominee for Stony Plain Riding

Member Who Represented Constituency in Last Assembly Is Again Choice of Convention

STONY PLAIN, June 7.—W. M. Washburn, who represented this constituency in the last Legislative Assembly, was re-nominated at the U. F. A. convention held here today. One other name, that of Robert Manson of Woodbend, was placed in nomination, and a vote taken. An active campaign will be carried on to secure the re-election of the U. F. A. candidate, in the election to be held on June 28th.

OUT IN A BODY

"We are all out in a body to help on the election," writes Mrs. Pippard, secretary of Forty Mile U. F. W. A. Local, at Maleb.

NEW LOCAL AT CARDSTON

Mrs. T. Carlson organized a new U. F. W. A. Local at Cardston recently. Mrs. Anderson and Miss Margaret Low are the officers.

"We Are Trying to Get All the People to Work in Harmony---Political Parties Seek Division and Discord"---H. W. Wood

President Wood at High River Convention Contrasts the Campaign of 1921 With Election Activities of Today—People Beginning to Place High Value on Their Citizenship—U. F. A. Seeks Unity and Co-operation, While Political Parties Seek Division—Must Support Industrial Action in the Political Field

The following clear exposition of the differences between the U. F. A. system of organization and the party system was given by President H. W. Wood in an address at High River U. F. A. Convention on June 10th. President Wood shows that the U. F. A. plan of organization which has as its objective co-operation between all industrial groups, is fundamentally opposed to the political party system, which seeks to divide the people into two hostile camps.

I am glad of the opportunity of coming to High River and meeting the representatives of the organization, and I am very glad to see so many of you taking an interest in your own most sacred asset, which is your citizenship rights.

We have not put very much value on that in the past. We have not used it wisely, and I am afraid that we do not respect it as we should. After our campaign five years ago, we were highly stimulated with the novelty of doing a thing we have never done before, and wondered whether we could do it or not, and under that stimulation we went into the campaign and proved to ourselves that it could be done. From that time to this I have thought about the next campaign, and I have realized from the very beginning that that was going to be the test of the value you put on your citizenship. I am glad to say that at the conventions I have attended in the last ten days, the people of this Province are really putting a value upon their citizenship. I have been out to several meetings, to two or three conventions, and while there has been a complete absence of the kind of excitement that grows out of the stimulation that is called by doing a thing first, just like a child with a new toy, I have been exceedingly pleased at the interest I have seen in the meetings of the past two weeks, and I see the same thing here.

CONFIDENT ATTITUDE REPLACES FORMER EXCITEMENT

People are coming out to these conventions in a good way, and showing the greatest amount of interest, as delegates and visitors, and while there is no excitement, there is a confident attitude of the people, a manifestation of interest that means infinitely more than the last campaign did, because this is a measure of citizenship developed. The first campaign was more nearly a measure of the amount of enthusiasm worked up.

NO PLACE IN MOVEMENT FOR POLITICAL BOSS

I almost feel that I have no business here. You people know what you are here for. It is your work, not mine. I am not a political boss to tell you what to do, whom to nominate, and what should be done. If I were, you would not have me here. You are fully capable of carrying on this business in your own way.

There is one peculiarity about this whole process. You are carrying this on in your own way. You have the full responsibility. Nobody as a supreme boss answered for you in the last campaign, and today you have no boss who made rash promises to blame if you have not got satisfactory results.

MEANS COMPLETE CHANGE FROM PARTY SYSTEM

I can spend my time just as well in trying to tell you what this movement really means. We cannot study that question too much, because we are offering to change a system which has been in operation universally wherever we have democratic forms of Govern-

ment and have the right to go to the polls and vote. This system has been in operation for two hundred and fifty years, and we in Alberta in 1919 offered a different system. We are offering a change which (if it is what we think it is), should be the introduction of a complete change in the political party system in all countries that want better political conditions, and we cannot be too well acquainted with the reasons why we are offering this change.

Now, as has been suggested, we have no fight to make with any party. We should have no fight to make with politicians and no fight to make with the

DESIRE FOR CO-OPERATION BETWEEN LEGITIMATE INDUSTRIAL INTERESTS SHOWS GROWTH IN ALBERTA

President Wood States Sympathy of People of Cities in U. F. A. Plan of Representation Is Increasing, as Manifested in Edmonton Where Citizens Are Vigorously Supporting New Attorney-General

Speaking at the High River convention after the nomination of the candidate, President Wood said in part:

"I want to draw your attention to one thing, and that is the working out in a very small way of our co-operation with other legitimate interests. The Premier recently appointed an Attorney-General, a lawyer. He has a splendid reputation, is highly recommended by the citizens of Edmonton, and many of them have undertaken to elect him in the city of Edmonton as a representative of that city to co-operate with the Government. This idea of co-operation among the legitimate interests of the Province, is growing very rapidly, comparatively speaking.

"All new things grow slowly. In the cities especially, we find more recognition being given, and increased respect by other people. As we develop respect for ourselves, we manifest it by respecting our common interests. In the case of the Wheat Pool we are trying to sell our product better than it was previously sold.

"Most of the people of Calgary are in entire sympathy with our scheme of representation, but they are not in shape to put the machinery into operation. The only thing they can do is to nominate someone who calls himself an independent, and he is generally as much a politician as anyone else. At least one representative citizen should have been elected in Calgary at this election if he had been put forward by a body of citizens representative of Calgary.

ALL THE OPPONENTS WERE POLITICIANS

"We do not want to get the idea that antagonism to us is increasing. A few general principles of our organization were enunciated last year in the newspapers. About a dozen letters were sent in reply, all opposed to our scheme, but all opposed were politicians. There was no single citizen who responded not interested in getting a political position.

"If we had the primary industrial interests of our Province working with us, it would not make any difference whether we had a majority or not. It should not be necessary for any class to have a majority. All we want is co-operation between all legitimate interests to carry on the Government of the Province. There is no reason why the Government should not be carried on as well as any business institution. But if businesses were carried on in the same manner as governments have been in the past, they would be bankrupt. The real logic of our system is to have all interests represented and all carrying on with each other without opposing or competing against those responsible for its carrying on.

"You have selected your candidate. That responsibility is yours. You represent the loftiest political principles, and principle is infinitely the biggest thing, and you are under obligation to sustain that principle.

methods of politicians. We used to operate under that system. I suppose we adopted pretty much the same methods if we were high enough to count for anything. If not, we approved of them. I remember the time when I was delighted to hear my political leader say a smart, sarcastic thing about the other boss, and that is where the whole difficulty with the system comes in, because it produces these results.

IS OUR CITIZENSHIP SUFFICIENTLY DEVELOPED?

That is the system we want to change. We believe the system is all wrong, and believe we are offering something logically right. Whether we have citizenship development enough to carry on is another question. If not, it will have to wait for another generation.

I do not want to say too many bad things about the party system itself, especially about those who originated the system. You know the development of citizenship means that everything has to be created, and goes on by a slow, gradual process. You go from one thing up to another thing, and up and up and up, but nature carries its work, especially in the higher orders. Man is the highest order we know anything about, and the highest work is the development of the social system.

Our forefathers saw there was something wrong with the autocratic system of absolute power, and they fought for centuries for the right to exercise their citizenship. They finally were successful in forcing the inauguration of democratic forms of Government. Their citizenship was less developed than ours. When they got democratic forms of Government, they did not know how to operate them, and they had to find some system, and you could not find any simpler than the party system. It served its purpose. They were not capable of organizing higher, and instead of improving on that, we wonder why they kept it so long.

NO HOPE IN ORGANIZING NEW POLITICAL PARTIES

But some fifty years ago the masses of the people who had nothing to do with the running of these parties began to see that the system was wrong and they began to try to improve it. They did not understand what was involved, and did not go about it in the right way. Instead of organizing a system they organized a new party. It was the same old system, and the same old people. It developed political bosses, and the parties never succeeded. One party would die and another took its place. Decay and death are the results of all parties. So people got more restless and organized more parties, and so finally we decided the system was wrong and we would organize a new system.

HOW THE PARTIES DIVIDE THE PEOPLE

What was wrong with the old system? There was nothing right about it. It was not an organization of the citizens, but of professional politicians, an organization that professes to embrace all elements of the people. One party said, "We are speaking for all the people," and the other party was doing the same thing. So there you have the people divided in two sections against themselves, farmers divided against each other, labor

(Continued on page 14)



VOTERS ATTENTION!

Directions as to the use of Preferential Ballot

The preferential ballot will come into general use for the first time in the forthcoming Provincial elections. Every voter should be thoroughly conversant with the method of marking the ballot before attempting to vote. Read these instructions:

The voter must not use the X mark.

The voter must place the figure 1 opposite the name of the candidate who is his first choice, the figure 2 opposite his second choice, the figure 3 opposite his third choice and so on until he has voted for all the candidates on the ballot if he so wishes.

The voter may plump for one candidate alone, using the figure 1, without spoiling his ballot, but is urged to vote to the full extent of his choices, as it is only by doing this that the voter obtains the full benefit of this form of ballot.

The voter must not place more than one choice opposite any one candidate.

The voter must not make the same choice for more than one candidate.

The voter must not make any mark on the ballot not authorized by these directions.

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY

JOHN D. HUNT

Clerk of the Executive Council.
Government of Alberta.

Audience of Nearly 400 Persons Greets the Speaker of Alberta Legislature on Re-nomination for Little Bow

Premier Pays High Tribute to Hon. O. L. McPherson—Sam Brown in Able and Rousing Speech, Compares Party System to Old-Fashioned Hook and U. F. A. Plan to Modern Binder—Tests of Fitness of a Government

By JOHN LUND and H. RENKENBERGER

VULCAN, June 8.—An enthusiastic, but at the same time, seriously determined audience of between 300 and 400 farmers and U. F. W. A. members, Vulcan today. The audience filled the Opera House to its doors. Eighteen Locals were represented by forty-five accredited delegates, but al-

streets and around the Opera House, where the Convention was held, was at a premium.

FARMERS WILL NOT TURN BACK

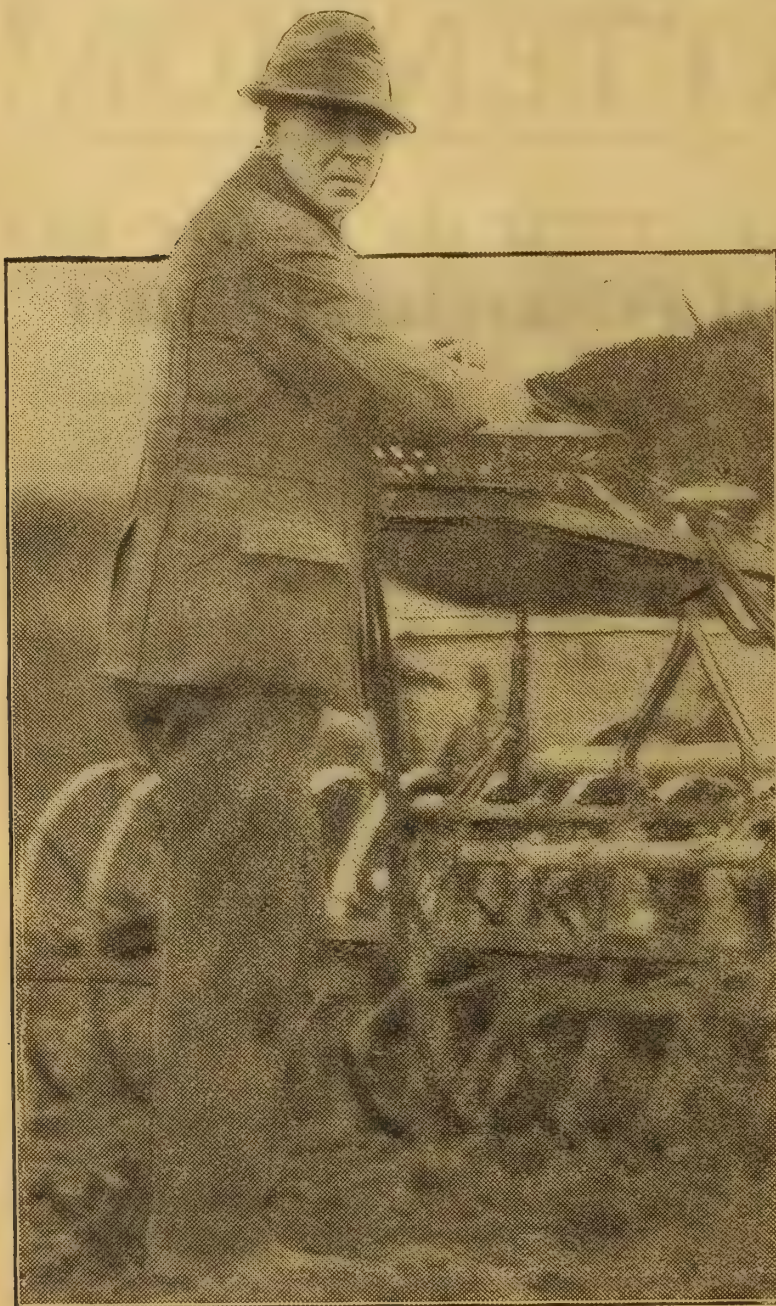
The Convention was opened by a few appropriate words from the president, Paul Frederick, who impressed upon the audience the fact that the U. F. A., having once set out to insure the Province an efficient and business-like administration of public affairs, was not going to go back on their work now, nor any other time.

After the Association officers—Paul Frederick, president; W. H. Miller, vice-president, and H. Renkenberger, secretary—had been elected, the chairman called on Sam Brown, M.L.A. for High River, who in a rousing speech almost electrified the audience. He explained some of the old party reasons for the misleading news the old party press and speakers are distributing throughout the Province, but admonished the U. F. A. farmers not to get too resentful, because the old parties were using the only tactics they knew and to which they were accustomed, and that the U. F. A. and other progressive people should simply ignore an entirely out-of-date campaign custom. Mr. Brown told a story from his younger days as an illustration: When a young fellow he used to cut the grain with a scythe, which was an improvement on the old hook previously used, but when the binder came along he hung the "efficient" scythe on the limb of a tree, "and as far as I know, it is hanging there yet," he added amid laughter. It existed after he ceased to use it, but didn't do any good or harm; no one paid any attention to it; it simply was ignored and would eventually disintegrate and disappear the same as the old party system will disappear when a new and more efficient system, competent to handle present day needs, becomes known to the people.

After describing the efficient manner in which the Government had grappled with the problems with which they had been confronted, Mr. Brown declared, "No Government was ever confronted by more trying circumstances, and no Government ever made a better record."

HAVEN'T ANY POLITICAL BOSSES IN THE U. F. A.

We almost forgot to say that our member, O. L. McPherson, was re-nominated by acclamation, and it wasn't decided upon previously either. We happened to know our member, and we also knew that the position of Speaker in the Provincial Assembly has never before been filled so efficiently and with such universal satisfaction to all parties as in the past five years. No political boss was needed to tell us whom we wanted to fill that

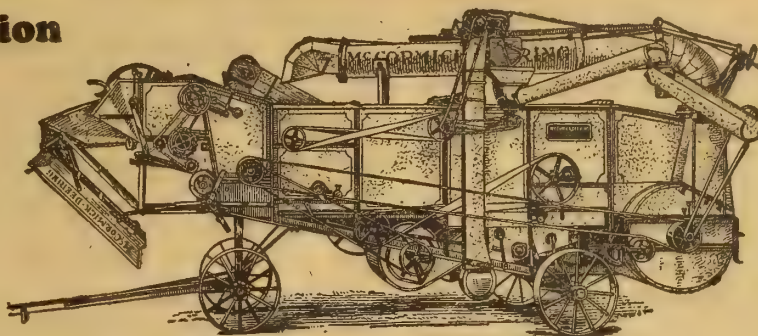


HON. O. L. MCPHERSON

Who fills equally well a seat on a press-drill and the Speaker's chair in the Legislature

greeted the Premier, Hon. J. E. Brownlee and Hon. O. L. McPherson, M.L.A., and Speaker of the Legislature, at the Convention of the Little Bow Constituency Association of the U. F. A., at

most every delegate brought a car load of other members of their Locals, and from all over the constituency, U. F. A. members and town people were rolling in until parking space along the business

All-Steel Construction**Ball-Bearing
Cylinder****22 x 38
and
28 x 46****Be Sure to See the New
All-Steel McCormick-Deering**

LAST year the new McCormick-Deering all-steel threshing machine made a wonderful record for itself. All the evidence gives assurance of the satisfaction ahead for McCormick-Deering owners and operators for this season. The letters shown here are typical of many scores we have received.

The McCormick-Deering ball-bearing cylinder does away with the old plain-bearing nuisances. Forget the hourly oiling, the daily inspection, the frequent adjustments. Oil once a day is enough for these bearings, and inspection and adjustment are rarely required.

We believe the McCormick-Deering all-steel machine embodies all the best principles making for grain saving, economical operation, and long life. Gives you simple, sturdy compactness without surplus investment in threshing machine or power. This thoroughly up-to-date machine, in one size or the other, is qualified to fill most any threshing man's needs. Coupled with the McCormick-Deering Tractor this makes a most practical outfit.

"Now I have threshed and owned threshing rigs since 1897, but this is the best rig that any man ever put a bundle in."

MARK H. THOMPSON

"It is very light running, easy to operate, is a great grain saver and does a perfect job of cleaning. The ball-bearing cylinder is a wonderful feature as it requires little or no attention."

H. S. SHERBURNE

See the McCormick-Deering agent and look the threshing machine over at your first opportunity. See its features, some of which are touched on here. Drop us a line and we will be glad to send you the new catalog.

INTERNATIONAL HARVESTER COMPANY
HAMILTON of Canada, Ltd. CANADA

**All-Steel
Construction—**

Withstands the strain of operation and hauling over rough roads. To all practical purposes fireproof and rustproof.

**Ball-Bearing
Cylinder—**

Ends the old cylinder bearing difficulties. McCormick-Deering threshing machine ball-bearings are not affected by the natural factors that easily ruin plain bearings. One oiling a day—nothing more needed.

**4-Section Revolving
Straw Rack—**

This balanced 4-section rack revolves instead of swinging or vibrating as in so many machines. Destructive vibration is eliminated and the machine runs very steadily. Repairs are avoided and the life of the threshing machine extended.

**The MODERN
Thresher—All the
Way Through—**

Challenges comparison with all others. The feeder is designed and built for this machine by the Harvester Company. The wind stacker is mounted on the side of the machine, leaving the inner surface smooth so that no obstruction is offered to the passage of straw and chaff into the blower; prevents overloading and saves grain.

McCormick-Deering

position again for another five years. And we haven't any; political bosses have poor pickings in the U. F. A.

Mr. McPherson said that during the past five years he had given his services in a manner which he thought was for the best interests of the Province and that he had given them conscientiously, that he would not take up any general discussion now, but after the campaign opened he would be at different points and would then talk politics. "I sincerely thank you for this expression of renewed confidence," he said. "With your help we are going to win this constituency, and we are not going to be satisfied with a small majority. Let us have as big a majority as we can get."

Then the Premier was introduced—an entirely unnecessary proceeding—because the audience, judging by certain demonstrations of hands and feet, seemed to be in no doubt about who the tall, clean and friendly-looking gentleman was, who was quietly sitting on the back of the platform.

POOR PLACE TO PEDDLE "DOPE"

If any of the old party spell-binders want an idea about it they have only to come to a U. F. A. meeting anywhere in Little Bow and try to peddle their stereotyped dope about inefficiency, inactivity and the increased capital debt caused by this inefficiency of our U. F. A. Government. Any U. F. A. member will be able to give them a checking up that will surprise them out of a year's growth of hair.

In referring to the nominee, the Premier said: "Mr. McPherson, during his five years as Speaker, has shown himself to be one of the ablest and most capable Speakers that the House has ever had. We have found him to be a man of ripe judgment, of good common sense, and we have greatly appreciated the work which he has been able to render the Government as a private member." Mr. Brownlee referred to the opposing schools of political thought who based their appeal on the personality of their leaders, and added "I have always considered that I am more or less of an incident in a movement." He said the Government based its appeal on the honesty and sincerity it had shown in the past and the efficient manner in which it had handled the problems confronting it.

TEST OF FITNESS OF GOVERNMENT

As a test for fitness of Government, he asked: "Has the Government during its five years of administration, shown itself to be honest, conscientious and sincere in the discharge of its duties?"

"How does the Government handle the every day affairs of the Province?"

"Does the Government show itself to be reasonably seized with the needs of the Province? Do we pay attention to the welfare of the people of the Province?"

In answering these questions, he showed how the Government had handled the big business of the Province, as well as all other matters, in such a way as to almost eliminate all cause for complaint by the opposition. Although he spoke for nearly two hours, he was listened to with the closest attention and heartily applauded.

"You will often find as good brains under a Liberal hat as under a Conservative hat. You will often find as good

brains under a Conservative hat as under a Liberal hat, and you may often find better brains under a Farmer's hat than under either of the other two." This and a few other stories caused smiles during the address.

RESOLUTIONS EXPRESS CONFIDENCE

Only two resolutions were presented to the Convention. They expressed confidence in the Provincial Government for the business-like way in which it had handled the problems before it, and turned deficits into surpluses, and their appreciation of Mr. McPherson for "filling a difficult position to the full satisfaction of all parties and to the special pride of Little Bow Constituency Association."

Later in the evening the Premier spoke at Carmangay to an equally numerous and equally attentive audience. If the same spirit prevails over the Province, we can easily see a terrific snow-storm occurring June 28th, which may take a lifetime for the older parties to extricate themselves from, and then like Rip Van Winkle, they will be strangers to their own people.

"WE ARE TRYING TO GET ALL THE PEOPLE TO WORK IN HARMONY— POLITICAL PARTIES SEEK DIVISION AND DISCORD"— H. W. WOOD

(Continued from page 11)

divided against each other, and all classes that are not so thoroughly organized that they could manipulate the system themselves have been divided.

You can sit down and study out what would be the best way to divide all people against themselves politically that it was possible to organize, and you could not think of a better system than the political party system. A house divided against itself cannot stand, neither can a people. The boast of the political party system is that all classes of the masses of the people are divided against themselves, because each rival party claims to represent all elements of the people. And you get the abusive propaganda that we used to think was all right, and a logical product of the system.

PARTY APPEAL IS ALWAYS TO CONFUSION

Take the men going up and down the country representing those two elements which divide the people, and what is the propaganda? They do not present to you a constructive programme. The whole science of politics is to get enough votes to put your party into power and the appeal is to confusion all of the time. You cannot read the propaganda of the parties today and read it carefully without seeing it is one of the finest illustrations of the appeal to confusion you ever read. They tell about the party that is in power, or the party opposing, and they make every effort that it is possible to make without making a totally incorrect statement to make you believe that this Government in power has done infinitely worse than it has done. You all know that.

WHOLE SCIENCE IS ONE OF DECEPTION

The whole science of propaganda is to make you think something about opposing forces which is not true, to make you think they have done worse than they have done. They are trying to de-

ceive you. Then they put their side, and it is just as much exaggerated, to make you think that they are going to do better than they are going to do, and which they know is better than they are going to do. Divide the citizenship against itself, appeal to confusion, appeal to strife, an appeal that destroys and does not build up, you will never raise the citizenship of the country on that appeal. You cannot hope for it to be raised to that standard under the political system that appeals to confusion and divides the citizenship and creates discord instead of harmony.

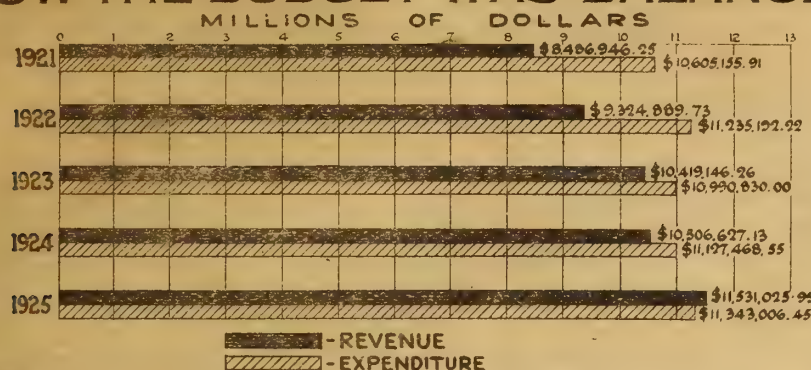
How do we differ from that system of confusion and discord? We are not trying to divide the people, but we are trying to get the people together, and we have to try to get the people together in the simplest way we can, and gradually bring that co-operation up to higher levels and make it more imposing as we go up. So we take as a beginning one of the most essential things in life, the concern of all the people we are calling together on the interest most vital to each one. The interest most vital to the farmer is agriculture. There is no practical difference between the political interest and the industrial interest. All legislation deals in the same way with industrial interest and you cannot be in harmony on one basis in the industrial field, and be out of harmony in the political field.

We begin there and tell the farmer things we want to do in organizing and harmonizing your industrial interest and we begin to work and go on up and we find thus that the thing that is absolutely essential to progress is the bringing of all industrial interests together into an industrial system. That is the most vital problem we are facing today. We have a great amount of efficiency developed, industrially speaking, and at the same time we have no industrial system at all. The peculiar phase of industrial development we have reached today is one in which many industrial elements have developed tremendous efficiency industrially, but instead of working together those industrial classes are competing against each other.

ALL ELEMENTS MUST FUNCTION TOGETHER

I am not going into the discussion of that very fully, but that is the situation we are meeting today, and, in this class effort, the efficient classes are succeeding and accumulating wealth while the inefficient classes are failing and on a lower standard. We happen to be one of the inefficient classes. While we can produce all the world is actually able to buy, we cannot sell it. There is where our inefficiency begins. All our trouble today grows out of the wrong relationship of prices. Our only hope of remedying that is to develop just as much efficiency as other industrial classes have developed, when we can force ours to whatever level they force theirs. Out of that development we can force a beginning of the construction of an industrial system in which all will function together. That is the logic of the industrial situation at the present time. We are more responsible today for the lack of an industrial system than any other class in existence, and we realize this and are trying to work towards that end. We realize that our work lies primarily in the industrial field. As long as we

HOW THE BUDGET WAS BALANCED



This chart shows the revenue and expenditure on income account from 1921 to 1925, and how the gap has been closed. The improving financial condition of the Province is demonstrated by the increase in revenue. While ordinary expenditure has decreased during the five year term, the heavy interest charges due to capital obligations contracted in 1921 have increased uncontrollable expenditure. Notwithstanding this, the Provincial Treasurer has been able to put into effect this year a decrease of more than 20 per cent. in the supplementary revenue tax.

act in the industrial field as stupidly as we have in the past, no legislation in the world can improve or stabilize the industrial system.

The first thing that is necessary is to make the industries themselves efficient; agriculture itself must be made efficient. We are trying to do this by co-operating in harmony; when that is done we will be in shape to work together with other forces.

MUST SUPPORT INDUSTRIAL BY POLITICAL ACTION

Every act of legislation affects all industrial interests, and if we are to make progress in the industrial field, we have to support it in the political field. Just as those different elements have to divide up on a logical basis, each standing for definite development, just exactly on this basis we have to divide our citizenship to support it in the political field. What we are trying to do in the political field is to develop the faculty of speaking directly and intelligently for our own interests, to deal with other industrial interests.

Agriculture, labor and manufacturers have a common interest. Our common interest lies in building, perfecting and stabilizing the industrial system. This is where we will come together, and nowhere else, and we are trying to get ourselves in a position politically where we can use our citizenship in sending representatives to our Provincial Legislature. When we go there inviting all other interests to just as definitely represent their interests, we invite them then to join with us to make better co-operation between these interests than exists today. We do not expect to bring the millennium at once. When we gave Labor that invitation, Labor responded to it, and we find them at Edmonton trying to work together. Where there is a common interest they work together. Where there is not you have to leave that interest in abeyance.

RELATION BETWEEN RURAL AND URBAN INTERESTS

We have been pleading with the urban interests to send representatives to Edmonton to speak for the urban interests. We want better relations between rural and urban interests, and then we will all work together, for all want this Government carried on as economically as possible.

We do not want the unjustifiable ex-

pense of carrying on party machinery. If we can get the three prime interests working together, coming directly from the people, it is better than having the people divided among themselves. Instead of one party trying to carry on legislation and another trying to hinder them, these people can be working together in the interests of the Province.

WE WANT CO-OPERATION—THEY WANT DIVISION

We are trying to get the people to work together. They are trying to divide them. Don't you see how impossible it is, and how practical it would be if they would respond to our invitation and send real representatives to co-operate with other interests, with no interest in saying it was the other party who was responsible and blaming it on one another? You would have someone responsible at each election. One system is just as logical as the other is illogical. One represents construction, co-operation and harmony. The other represents division, competition, confusion and discord.

You are here to select your own candidate, and a man who will be responsible to you. My only appeal to you is to realize your own responsibilities and to appreciate the value of your citizenship, a privilege that came to you as a result

of generations of struggle involving war on the part of our forefathers. When one reads the history of the struggle to get the right of the franchise and then thinks of the value put on it by this generation, one realizes that the failure of large numbers of the people to appreciate the importance of exercising their franchise intelligently is the most regrettable thing in the world. I hope the people of this convention today will have a full realization of their privileges and responsibilities. You have the right to do one thing, and one only, and that is to consider the interest of this constituency, to consider your responsibility in speaking for this constituency in sending the very best man you can get to speak for you in the development of the greatest political system that has ever been offered to the people.

Now, discord and confusion have been the product of the political party system so long that we have not yet realized the utter folly of it, the absolute necessity of harmony, intelligence, and co-operation in action.

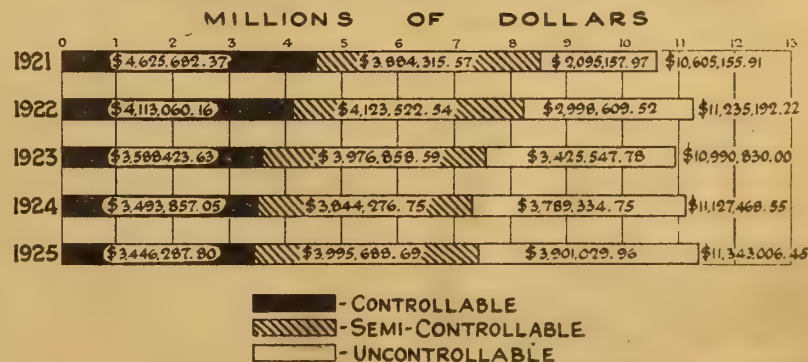
PROSTITUTING THE IDEA OF PATRIOTISM

You are answering today, you will have to answer for your actions in dealing with the most sacred thing of life, which is our citizenship. We hear people talk of patriotism. We see people waving the flag, prostituting the war sacrifices and the flag, and the most holy things in life, for the purpose of creating confusion and getting absolutely false results. But the man who fully realizes what the responsibility of citizenship is, would no more do a thing of that kind than do murder, but would go forth in a quiet way, never boasting about his patriotism, but realizing his responsibilities as a citizen. No matter where he was born or who were his parents, a man who would prostitute the flag is not fit to live in this country or in any other country, and is not fit for citizenship even in the most barbarous country.

There is nothing else in the world I would rather see than a manifestation at this election of the right kind of appreciation on the part of the organized farmers in exercising their citizenship, in a proud, manly, womanly, and patriotic way.

J. M.

A RECORD OF ECONOMY



The above chart shows current expenditures of the Province from 1921 to 1925 under the heads of controllable, semi-controllable, and uncontrollable. The uncontrollable charges include all interest charges on public debt and incidental expenses thereto. The semi-controllable expenditures include all expenditures on permanent institutions of the Province, such as courts of justice, gaols, asylums, etc., and all special statutory allowances which by their very nature are not completely controllable. The controllable expenditures include the balance of Governmental expenditures on ordinary Government services. They also include the cost of the Legislative Assembly and expenses incidental thereto.

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Alex. Moore Again Nominated U.F.A. Candidate for Cochrane

President Wood Declares Party Press Not Giving the Facts, but Appealing to Passions and Prejudice—Discusses Threatened Export Duty on Canadian Wheat—How the Farmers Can Defeat It

The first member elected to the Provincial Assembly as a U. F. A. representative, Alex. Moore, was on June 7th re-nominated for the third time to carry the banner of the U. F. A. for Cochrane constituency.

The enthusiasm displayed during the convention proceedings held in Nolan's Hall augurs well for the success of Alex. Moore's third contest, and he will have strong backing in every part of the constituency.

A fine address by President Wood featured the preliminary part of the proceedings.

Another nominee was put forward in the person of H. E. G. H. Scholefield, Vice-President of the U. F. A., but on the vote being taken Mr. Moore was declared to have the endorsement of the majority.

WHOLE-HEARTED SUPPORT AS AT FORMER ELECTIONS

Mr. Scholefield promised his whole-hearted support to the nominee of the convention, such as he had given in 1919 and in 1921, and to the U. F. A. cause in Cochrane, and predicted victory again in the constituency which had set an example for the rest of Alberta.

In his address to the delegates, President Wood dealt with the principles and organization of the U. F. A., and urged the importance, from an economic point of view, of mobilizing the political strength of the farming interests.

In order that an efficient, harmonious social and industrial system might be brought into being, it was necessary, said Mr. Wood, for every industrial class unit to be so organized that it could meet other industrial class units in the organization of an industrial system.

SEEK TO DIVIDE THE CITIZEN FORCES

While co-operation between efficiently organized groups was the aim of the U. F. A., the political parties sought to divide the people into two hostile camps. In regard to the issues in the coming Provincial election, not only were the party leaders and the party press not giving the facts—they were appealing to prejudices and passions and confusing the minds of the people by perverting facts.

President Wood urged the desirability of co-operation between rural and urban interests. The rallying of citizens of all shades of opinion in Edmonton in support of the new Attorney-General, Hon. J. F. Lymburn, who had recently joined the Alberta Cabinet as a representative of city interests, illustrated the growing desire of urban people to co-operate with farmers. Between political parties, on the other hand, there could never be co-operation, since they were built upon the principle of division.

MOST DAMNABLE OF PROPOSALS

Dealing with the proposed export duty on wheat, Mr. Wood said this was one of the most damnable of proposals. While it was suggested that at present the duty should apply only to wheat going

to the United States, then if the principle were once conceded its advocates would seek to carry it to the limit.

The first effect of its application, even to the United States alone, would be that all wheat would have to travel via Canadian roads to the seaboard. A monopoly on land transportation of wheat would thus be created and an increase of railway rates would follow, while a situation would be created leading inevitably to a rise in ocean rates from Canadian ports.

WHAT MILLERS' IDEAL WOULD MEAN

Every increase of one cent a bushel in rates would mean a loss to the growers of from three and a half to five million dollars a year. This took no account of the amount of the duty itself. If the diversion of all wheat to Canadian ports could be brought about, and if, in addition, those who desire the duty realized their ideal of a duty sufficient to ensure the milling of all Canadian wheat in Canada, it was not unreasonable to believe that the loss to the farmer would be from 8 to 10 cents a bushel, or from thirty-five to fifty million dollars a year.

POLITICAL STRENGTH CAN DEFEAT PROPOSAL

If any export duty on wheat were imposed, declared the President, it might be necessary for us to protect ourselves against the Canadian millers through the Wheat Pool, by making them pay the same duty as charged to U. S. millers on the wheat they bought. But that was an expensive course, and the farmers could defeat the proposal by showing their strength on the political field. Political organizations depended on the people for support. By mobilizing our citizenship strength and using it in defence of our own interests we could make certain the defeat of the proposal. In conclusion, Mr. Wood emphasized the utter hopelessness of the party system as an efficient instrument of government.

GOVERNMENT HAS GIVEN BUSINESSLIKE ADMINISTRATION

Asked to address the delegates, Alex. Moore said that he had found it difficult during his term of office to get the electors to turn out to meetings to discuss legislative matters. He had always been ready to give an account of his stewardship. The Government had given sane, safe, fair, and businesslike administration. Mr. Moore dealt during his short address with the reductions in expenditure, the railway situation, and other matters.

The convention unanimously expressed its utmost confidence in the Government, and in Mr. Moore's stewardship.

Thirty-eight accredited delegates were in attendance, besides numerous visitors.

The following officers of Cochrane U. F. A. and U. F. W. A. District Association were elected: President, W. A. Hunter; vice-president, Mrs. J. Lennon; executive, H. J. Reid, L. Nicol, A. Baptle, C. H. MacFarquhar, G. Hoback.

Urges All Members to Work Earnestly and Diligently

Lac Ste. Anne U. F. A. Will Aim to Win Overwhelming Majority for M. C. McKeen

Editor, "The U. F. A.":

Dear Sir: Our present member, M. C. McKeen, is the unanimous choice of the Locals of this constituency to contest the coming election. Both old line parties have nominated candidates, so it behoves all members of Locals and others who are interested, not to be too confident as to the result, but work earnestly and diligently, as only by so doing can they be assured that we will elect our candidate by an overwhelming majority.

R. H. HANCOX,

Sec.-Treas. Lac Ste. Anne U. F. A. and U. F. W. A. Provincial C. A. Rochfort Bridge.

Nelson Smith Again Nominated for Olds

Forty-nine Delegates and Many Visitors at Convention—Baker and Brownlee Speak

The nominating convention for Olds constituency was held at Olds, Wednesday, June 2nd.

On account of the bad roads the convention did not open until 2:30 p.m. when R. H. McDonald of Trochu, the chairman, called the meeting to order.

Forty-nine delegates registered and a large number of visitors from different parts of the riding also were present. The convention authorized a special assessment of 75c per member in addition to the regular membership fee to pay the election expenses, also a special subscription list was opened as several delegates stated that they wished to contribute more than the ordinary fees.

Twenty minutes were given for nominations and the following were nominated: N. S. Smith, M.L.A., Mrs. Millar, Huxley, and Mr. Meers, Wimborne. The last two withdrew and Mr. Smith will again be the standard bearer in the coming election.

Hon. Perren C. Baker spoke on the work of his Department, refuting Capt. Shaw's statements that education was languishing in the Province. Premier Brownlee asked the people to judge the Government by its record and not by the personality of its leader, and he reviewed the record of the Government since taking office.

S. S. BOYD,

Vice-President Olds U. F. A. Constituency Association. Olds.

MEMBERSHIP DRIVE IN GRANDE PRAIRIE

Editor, "The U. F. A.":

A convention of the Grande Prairie District Association was held in Grande Prairie on May 29th, 1926. Nearly 20 Locals were represented and a good meeting was held, arrangements being made for a membership drive and re-organizing of defunct Locals and organizing new Locals.

URI NOWELL,
District Secretary.

Lake Saskatoon.

Cream is Costly Feed for Calves!

You are giving them many dollars' worth and you don't know it because your old machine is no longer a clean skimmer. Cream doesn't fatten calves, but the sugar and starch in the skim milk does.

Trade in Your Old Worn Machine at a Good Price as Part Payment on a



New "Melotte"

Money could not buy a separator that will Save Cream so consistently as the "Melotte." For forty years it has been demonstrating this fact, and no one who has used it and made the most exhaustive tests, will dispute this claim.

Small herd or large herd, a "Melotte" will certainly add greatly to the profits of the Dairy. Let us give you a Free Trial on Your Own Farm—the result will be instantaneous and so perceptible you will say it was the best bit of "trading" you have ever done.

The Suspended Vibrationless Bowl is one of the secrets of the "Melotte's" close skimming. Let us tell you of the other features that explain why "Melotte" will last for twenty years—7,300 days—which is its average life, and clean as closely at the end of that period as it did at the beginning.

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"Captain J. T. Shaw's Manifesto"---A "Promising" Document

Shaw in Behalf of Old Liberal Party Promises to Do Many Things That U. F. A. Government Has Already Done—Liberal Action in Direct Opposition to Liberal "Policy"—A Cold Examination of the Vote-Catching Document Which Is the Latest Product of Political Opportunism

By JOHN MACKENZIE

Within the past week or two there has appeared in most of the newspapers an advertisement setting forth the promises of Joseph T. Shaw to those citizens of Alberta who will follow him in rejecting the principles he advocated for five years, and adopting instead the opposite principles which he accepted overnight when he was offered the leadership of the discredited Liberal party. The document is entitled "Capt. J. T. Shaw's Manifesto." Note that it is not called the Liberal manifesto. It is the manifesto of a man who has never been a member of the Alberta Legislature, and unless all signs fail, will not even be elected to the Alberta Legislature at this coming election. And yet it is being advertised all over the Province as an inducement to the electors to vote for the Liberal party whose record no man dare defend.

It contains fifteen points, one more than Woodrow Wilson's famous fourteen, but when the Clemenceaus and Lloyd Georges of official Liberalism in Alberta get through with Mr. Shaw's points the remainder will not be any larger than Wilson's was.

"Manifesto" is a fine sounding word. The definition, as given in Webster's dictionary, is "a public declaration, usually of a prince, sovereign or other person claiming large powers, showing his intentions, or proclaiming his opinions or motives in reference to some act done or contemplated by him."

All of which fits the manifesto of Alberta's new Liberal leader very well.

THE "FIFTEEN POINTS" EXAMINED

POINT 1, calls for an immediate examination of our Provincial taxing system and adjustment of taxation powers between the Province and municipalities.

This examination has been under way for several months already.

POINT 2, calls for DECENTRALIZATION as far as practicable in the services of Government.

The official Liberals in the last session of the Alberta Legislature fought their hardest to CENTRALIZE the payments of the Mothers' Allowances and indigent relief in Edmonton. The Liberals are responsible for the centralization of Government, including the Parliament buildings, and the University in the Capital.

POINT 3 asks for an immediate and long due reduction in taxation with special tax adjustments for sub-humid areas.

A reduction in taxation has been made this year, and could have been made earlier, had it not been for the non-productive railway and other obligations contracted by the former Liberal Governments. Assessments in the sub-humid areas have been more than cut in half.

POINT 4 asks for a serious and determined effort to make expenditure and income balance every year.

The Liberals were in power in Alberta from 1905 till 1921. Only four times in that period did expenditure balance income. The present Government has balanced the budget, having at last overcome the handicap created for them by the former administration, and the only way to ensure economy in public services is to continue them in office.

POINT 5 asks for the budgeting of an adequate sum every year on the sinking fund principle.

This has been done every year by the present administration. Last year \$567,000 was set aside for this purpose.

POINT 6 pledges the Liberals to the support of co-operative marketing, to rural credits, reduction of freight rates, and the guarding of farmers' interests in the Western routes.

Liberal support of co-operative marketing up to date has been almost nil. Liberal newspapers in Alberta were very

lukewarm to the establishment of the Wheat Pool. One of them violently opposed it. The bill passed at the last session of the Legislature for the protection of co-operative marketing of livestock was severely criticized by Liberal members, who urged that the Government should promise not to bring it in at all unless the Dominion bill was declared ultra vires. The rural credits bill brought in by the Dominion is a travesty of that proposed by Professor Tory. The Dominion Liberal Government last year dropped from the Grain Act the section that protected the farmer by allowing him to decide the destination of his grain, causing an estimated loss to the Wheat Pool of a million dollars yearly. This year they refused to accept the bill for the restoration of that right as a Government measure, and it is being sponsored by a Farmer member. The Dominion Government have refused so far to appoint an Alberta representative to the Vancouver Harbor Commission.

POINT 7. The Liberal Government undertakes to inspire areal leadership in educational affairs, etc.

Here is what the Alberta Teachers' Alliance Magazine has to say of the last Liberal Minister of Education: "Hon. Geo. P. Smith, first, last and all the time, seemed to take delight in placing obstacles in the path of the Alberta Teachers' Alliance. Government funds were used in publishing propaganda in the newspapers throughout the Province, the sole object of which seemed to be to glorify Smith and to discredit the aims, objects, and ideals of the organization which represents the cream of the teaching profession of the Province."

POINT 8. The Liberal party pledges itself to encourage an expansion in the hospital and nursing services of the Province.

The health program of the Province has expanded from an expenditure for health purposes in 1920 of \$373,000 to \$990,000 in 1925. The health work carried on by the Province under the present administration includes: preventive work, vaccination, inoculation, etc. in foreign settlements, free laboratory work in University, sanitary engineering inspections, public nursing service extensions, child welfare clinics, home for delinquent boys, extension of mothers' allowances, increased municipal hospital services, travelling clinics to outlying districts, venereal disease clinics, etc., special work among blind, research work among mental defectives.

POINT 9. The Liberal party has assisted in every possible way to secure the return to the Province of the Natural Resources.

The Provincial Assembly at last session passed the bill for the return of the Natural Resources, the Liberal members in the Assembly moving an amendment, which was defeated, that the matter be left in abeyance. The Dominion Liberal Government have shelved the bill, and introduced an educational question with which the resources have nothing to do.

POINT 10. When entrusted with office the Liberal party will engage a small body of experts to examine the sources of power in the Province, with the purpose of evolving if possible a practical scheme to supply cheap power.

The Liberal members at Edmonton at last session, in a three day debate, opposed the present Government's request to Ottawa that the Province have control of the Spray Lakes power site. The Dominion Government have refused to turn over the control of this site to the Province. They have refused the Province the right to control the sale of shares in companies exploiting the natural resources of the Province, which resources should be controlled by the people of the Province, who will be the customers for whatever power is produced.

(Continued on page 20)

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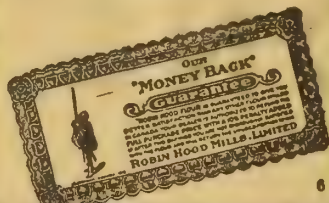
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MAKE

The Corona Hotel

"YOUR" HEADQUARTERS

Rates that are Reasonable.

Has the Record of the U.F.A. Justified Its Existence?

Record of Achievement of the Farmers' Organization in Alberta Shows How Great an Influence for the Good of the Farming Industry of the Province and the Raising of the Standard of Citizenship Has Been Exercised by Association

The object of this bulletin is to place before the members some of the things that the organization has accomplished. It will not be feasible to give an account of all that has been done, neither are we attempting to do so, but this will place before you some material to help you in the discussion of this subject.

The United Farmers of Alberta came into existence on the morning of January 14th, 1909, when the Canadian Society of Equity and the Alberta Farmers' Associations were amalgamated. The men who thus instituted the U. F. A. seventeen years ago were awake to the fact that in unity is strength.

One of the greatest achievements of the organization has been the drawing together of the people in the different districts in the Province by means of the Locals and the combining of the Locals in the main organization. This had to be accomplished before it was possible to take any definite steps towards the bettering of the conditions of the farmers of the Province.

The organization has been the means of raising the standard of the citizenship and social life to a much higher level. It has also built up a community spirit that is a great asset to the Province.

The organization has taken an active part in the improvement of the educational system of the Province.

It has introduced to Alberta, to Canada and to the world a system under which democratic political action can be systematically and successfully taken. This is a great contribution to democratic progress.

It has elected members to the Provincial Legislature, taken over the Government, eliminated a political party machine from Government machinery, and thereby saved many hundreds of thousands of dollars annually to the taxpayers of the Province.

It has elected Federal members at the last two elections. These members materially assisted in the restoration of the Crow's Nest Pass Agreement which meant a saving of some millions of dollars annually to the grain growers of Alberta.

It inaugurated a system of co-operative marketing in the Province, under which livestock shipping associations were formed and also associations for the handling of all farm products. It was directly responsible for the organization of the Wheat Pool and also the Egg and Poultry Pool, and was largely instrumental in the organization of the Livestock and Dairy Pools. In a good many Locals co-operative buying is done and in some places co-operative stores are being operated very successfully.

It was instrumental in obtaining the Municipal Hall Insurance which has been of great advantage to the farmers.

Through co-operation with the farmers' organizations of the other Provinces, loading platforms and the car order book were obtained, as was also the reduced rate on seed grain.

In discussing this subject it must be understood that the U. F. A. activities include the work of the U. F. W. A. and

The U. F. W. A. are in their own section carrying on a great and successful campaign to raise the standard of living. They are also doing splendid work in connection with education and social matters and are improving the position of the women of this Province. The Juniors are doing good work in training our boys and girls to be good citizens and making them ready to carry on the work of the organization in the years to come.

Issued by the Organization Committee.
STEPHEN LUNN, Secretary.

EASTERVALE U.F.W.A. ORGANIZED

Eastervale U. F. W. A. Local was organized recently by Mrs. A. E. Postans in the Hughenden district. Mrs. Chas. Gilbertson and Mrs. Annie Wright were elected president and secretary respectively.

IS THE MANAGEMENT ALWAYS TO BLAME?

"The co-operative society which is in trouble almost invariably blames the management. In too many cases these charges are all too true," states "Co-operation," official organ of the co-operative movement in the United States. "There has been some outright dishonesty among store managers in this country. There has been much more gross inefficiency, carelessness, and moral weakness in the face of difficulties. And whether the manager steals dollars from the cash register or steals time through wasteful methods of planning his work and the work of his clerk, it all amounts to about the same thing on the books of the society at the end of the year.

"But we find that most boards of directors who denounce the manager for inefficiency are very much to blame themselves. Who was it who hired the inefficient manager? And who was it who permitted inefficiency to continue? The chain store systems do not keep in charge of a store week after week a man who is losing money; they show him how to make money or they kick him out. If the board of directors of a co-operative does not do the same, then they must take the responsibility for losses.

"The Co-operative League often receives letters asking that we send a competent manager to take charge of the co-operative store. We usually try to do this, for we feel we have a great responsibility to the store which does not have efficient management.

"There are two sides to this question: There are many boards of directors which simply do not deserve the help of a good manager until they have learned to fulfill some of their own duties more efficiently. We should give all the help possible to the society that is in trouble. But we also owe something to the competent co-operative manager. And we should like to insist that the society present credentials just as good as it demands of the man it wants to manage the store.

"Watch the directors of your society. If they are blaming the manager frequently and for many and divers faults, watch them still more closely; they are not doing their full duty themselves. If the manager is lazy and inefficient the board must act. If the manager is over efficient and attempts to dominate the society, again the board must act. Directors have been elected by the members to protect their interest and to direct and control the business, not merely to find fault."

UNANIMOUSLY OPPOSE WHEAT EXPORT DUTY

Editor, "The U. F. A.:"

The following resolution was adopted unanimously at a recent meeting of the Midnapore Local:

Owing to the determined effort on the part of the milling companies to force an export duty on wheat, this Local reiterates a resolution passed in one of our meetings held on February 18th, 1925.

Viz.: Believing that any restrictions in the way of an export duty on wheat will be detrimental to the producers and will act directly against them;

Therefore be it resolved, that we the United Farmers of Midnapore and Red Deer Lake Local No. 558 do vigorously protest against the imposition of any export duty on our grain.

G. F. LEE, Secretary.

Midnapore.

DOUBLED 1925 MEMBERSHIP

Camrose U. F. W. A. have doubled the membership they had in 1925, writes Mrs. W. W. Harber, secretary. They have had a pie social to raise funds for the election campaign, and are holding a dance for the same purpose.

HAT MAKING DEMONSTRATION

Ridgewood U. F. W. A. Local, according to a letter from the secretary, Miss M. Morrisroe, has twenty members now, with prospects of more after the busy season is over. "Our June meeting will be a joint one with the U. F. A." she says, "and will be followed by a supper and whist drive. We are joining with the W. I. of Burnt Lake in a hat making demonstration in the latter part of June. A paper on 'Rural Education' is being prepared for the June meeting, besides other very interesting items.

"The U. F. A. and U. F. W. A. are offering prizes in cash to the boys and girls in the neighboring schools for the greatest number of crows, magpies and gophers destroyed, the same rules and regulations to be followed as set by the Provincial competition."

RAISE \$154 BY SERVING SUPPERS

"With only a few members left," writes Mrs. J. Hooker, secretary of Travers U. F. W. A. Local, "so many of our settlers having left here on account of several crop failures, we are still carrying on. Since January 1st, 1926, we have made \$154 from serving suppers at the dances put on by the young folks, and from a play and dance put on by our Local. All of our membership dues are paid from the funds of the Local, and we give half of our proceeds to the men's Local."

MOUNTAIN VIEW ACTIVE AGAIN

J. A. Johansen and Mrs. T. Carlson, U. F. A. and U. F. W. A. directors, assisted in the reorganization of Mountain View Local recently. A. M. Steed and R. McKenzie Jr. are the officers.

NEW JUNIOR LOCAL

Glen Echo is the name of a new Junior Local at Pleasant View, organized by J. W. O'Neil. The president is Jacob Schlachter and the secretary Miss Katie Stoppler.

ROSYTH PRESENTS PLAY

"Uncle Rube" is the title of a two-hour play that is being given by Rosyth U. F. W. A. Local. The play will be preceded by a bazaar, and will be followed by dancing.



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You've Worked Hard for Harvest—now get every last bushel with a FROST & WOOD Binder

Easily

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For Less Money

Go one round on the seat of a FROST & WOOD Binder, and you'll see its good points far better than we can tell you.

It cuts any kind of grain—long, short, tangled, or blown—at any time, anywhere.

It is easy on horses or tractor because of its light draft. This light draft is due to perfect balance and correct design. It is easy on itself and easy to operate. Best of all *these features mean less expense for repairs, labour, and power.*

Its sure-tying knotter makes cutting and stooking a treat. It means few delays for repairs and it ties a perfect sheaf. You'll cut your crop quicker for less money with the FROST & WOOD.

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The Frost & Wood Corn Binder is a highly perfected machine too.

Write for particulars about it.

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Delivered to your station freight paid. Lumber, Lath, Shingles, Millwork, etc. You will be surprised at our low prices on guaranteed stock. Write tonight for our special prices and discounts.

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Policies fully guaranteed by UNION INSURANCE SOCIETY OF CANTON LTD.

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BIG HIT



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Everywhere!

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CALGARY

United Ranks in Wainwright Riding in Support of J. R. Love

Organized Farmers Engage in Vigorous Campaign to Secure Return of U. F. A. Candidate—High Idealism Characterizes Speech of Mrs. Gunn

WAINWRIGHT, June 10.—The 1926 Convention of the Wainwright U. F. A. and U. F. W. A. Constituency Association which was held in Wainwright on Thursday, June 10th, was one of intense interest and enthusiasm.

Commencing at 10 a.m., the very splendid program arranged by the Board of Directors was carried out in a most interesting manner. The Convention was called to order with the singing of "O, Canada," followed by the address of welcome from E. L. Cork, Mayor of Wainwright, who, in a gracious and kindly way gave the address of welcome on behalf of the council and the citizens of Wainwright.

HERBERT SPENCER REVIEWS PROGRESS OF ASSOCIATION

Herbert Spencer, who was also elected chairman of the Convention by a unanimous vote, in a very able manner presented the President's report, reviewing in some detail the progress of the association since 1921.

The Secretary-treasurer, Fred Ford, then gave a carefully prepared report of the U. F. A. and U. F. W. A. Locals in the Wainwright constituency. This report showed an increased interest and activity in many Locals since 1921. Including directors who were not registered as delegates, there were some fifty-five delegates present.

The three committees—credentials, order of business and resolutions—were then appointed. Each functioned in a very capable way during the Convention.

During the afternoon W. T. Hays delighted the Convention with several much appreciated solos. He was ably accompanied by Mrs. Robert S. Broad, of Edmonton.

THREE IMPORTANT RESOLUTIONS

Several resolutions were presented to the Convention for consideration and adoption, of which the following three might be mentioned:

1. Resolved, that this Association urge upon the Provincial Government the early completion of the main highway through Wainwright to the Saskatchewan boundary and that this Association co-operate with the Boards of Trade in the Wainwright Constituency in an effort to make this highway part of a Main Trans-Canada Highway.

2. Resolved, that since the young people are essential to the permanent success of the U. F. A. and U. F. W. A. organizations that the Wainwright U. F. A. and U. F. W. A. Association appoint a supervisor for young people's work.

3. Whereas, the present Municipal Act requires the Auditor to send notices to at least fifteen per cent. of the ratepayers who are in arrears of taxes;

Therefore be it resolved, that this Convention go on record favoring the Auditor sending notices to all the ratepayers who are in arrears.

UNITED MOVEMENT IN SUPPORT OF CANDIDATE

Following the regular business, nominations for the U. F. A. candidate for the Wainwright constituency were received. Two names came before the Convention, J. R. Love and J. G. Clarke. After short addresses by the nominees

a vote was taken and the present member, J. Russell Love, was chosen. Upon motion of Mr. Clarke, Mr. Love was made the unanimous choice of the Convention. Enthusiastic applause greeted this motion, which showed that the Convention was whole-heartedly behind Mr. Love in the present campaign.

Mr. Love then presented a very concise and comprehensive report of the present administration since 1921. Dealing with the U. F. A. platform in detail, Mr. Love showed how the present U. F. A. Government had carried through its pledges made to the people of Alberta in 1921.

ADDRESS FROM CHAIRMAN OF DAIRY POOL

Norman Clarke, chairman of the Alberta Dairy Pool, gave a splendid report on the work of the Pool since its inception a year ago. Mr. Clarke answered a number of vexatious questions asked by those interested to the satisfaction of all concerned. The information on the weed problem and its effect on flavors in cream explained why this year all over Alberta it is difficult to avoid getting a great amount of No. 2 cream if cows are permitted to have access to weeds of various kinds. This address added much to the interest of the Convention.

In the evening the climax of a most interesting Convention was reached when Premier Brownlee and Mrs. R. B. Gunn, President of the U. F. W. A., spoke to some six hundred people in the Elite theatre. A fine musical program preceded the addresses of the evening, when Mrs. Robert S. Broad, of Edmonton, and Mr. Hays, of Edgerton, delighted the audience with their solos. Mrs. Roy White, of Irma, was a very able accompanist.

CHALLENGE OF HIGH IDEALISM

Mrs. Gunn, in her usual charming manner, gave an address which will long be remembered by those present. She presented the challenge of high idealism to the womanhood of Alberta urging the members of the U. F. A. and U. F. W. A. to follow the practical idealism of the Prince of Peace, which shows itself in true co-operation and service.

Mr. Love, U. F. A. candidate, who introduced Premier Brownlee, testified to the great respect in which the Premier was held by his colleagues. Mr. Love referred to the long years of service Mr. Brownlee had given as legal adviser to the Farmer Commercial Organizations of Western Canada, and to the fifteen years with which he had been associated with the U. F. A., which service so ably fitted him to be a leader in the U. F. A. Political Movement.

Mr. Brownlee then gave a masterly and detailed account of the U. F. A. administration since 1921. This ended the best and most enthusiastic U. F. A. Convention ever held in Wainwright.

ISPAS LOCAL ORGANIZED

Organization of Ispas Local took place recently. M. Shalka and Mike Rechalski are the officers.

Give them all they want

*Say "Yes," when children ask for
more Puffed Wheat*

Don't be afraid to give the little ones all the Puffed Wheat they want.

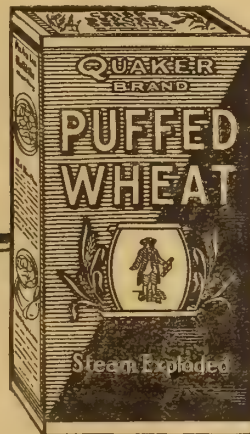
Give it to them whenever they ask.

Always, they'll come back for more. You cannot give too much.

It tastes so good to them;
—you know it's so good for them.

Wholesome, because just whole wheat grains;

—light and easy to digest, because each grain is *steam-exploded*.



Quaker Puffed
Wheat—so good
for little people.

Quaker Puffed Rice—whole rice grains steam-exploded, like Puffed Wheat—a variety you will enjoy. Use both.

035

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Entries Close June 30

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Special Features and Attractions include

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Platform Attractions of Unusual Excellence.

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Make it a point to visit the Edmonton Exhibition this year. Finest attractions and Largest Stock Show ever seen in Western Canada.

W. J. STARK, Manager.

Organize for Election Day and Study the Provisions of New Alberta Elections Act Carefully

Preferential System of Balloting Most Important Change in Election Law — No Ballot Should Be Marked With X—U. F. A. Locals and Members, Who Have Always Played Active Role in Organization for Exercise of Duties of Citizenship, Should Be Fully Prepared for Election Day

Who are qualified to vote? Every person, male or female, is qualified to have his or her name placed in the list of voters, if a British subject, 21 years of age or over, and resident in Alberta for at least 12 months, in the electoral division in which the list is being made, two months before the writ of election, in this case, May 1.

Any person otherwise qualified who has been a resident of Alberta 12 months or more immediately prior to said date, but who has not been a resident of the electoral division for two months prior to issue of the writ, can have his or her name on the list of voters for the electoral division and polling subdivision of which he or she was a resident for two continuous months during the said period of 12 months. Such person is not entitled to vote at any other poll.

Any person otherwise qualified who becomes a naturalized British subject, or attains the age of 21 years and has resided in Alberta 12 months and in the electoral division two, may appear on the list and vote.

Residence qualifications. Residence is defined as the true, fixed, permanent home, or lodging place of a voter. A person does not lose his residence by leaving his home for a temporary purpose.

The place where a man's family resides shall be taken as his place of residence, unless he takes up his abode at another place with the intention of remaining there.

Voters' Lists. A copy of the list for the polling subdivisions shall be posted at the nearest post office the last week day before nomination day, otherwise at some conspicuous place outside or adjoining the polling place. Three copies are to be made, two to be posted up. The enumerator will post a notice designating a place where he may be found between 10 a.m. and 4 p.m., on the last two week days prior to the polling day, where he will hear and dispose of applications for inclusion on the list.

Scrutineers. Each candidate may appoint in writing not more than three voters of the electoral division to represent him at the poll. In the absence of such appointments two voters of the polling subdivision may, on their own request, act as agents. An agent with a written authorization will have preference over agents without written authorization.

The persons entitled to remain in each polling place are the deputy returning officer, poll clerk, interpreter, if any, constable, if necessary, candidates and not more than two of the agents of each candidate at any one time.

Time Allowed for Voting. Every voter is entitled to absent himself from his employment from 4 till 6 for the purpose of voting, and cannot be subject to

The Provincial election to be held on June 28th will be conducted under the Election Act passed in 1924, and amended in 1925. There are a number of changes in the Act, the most important being the preferential system of balloting, which has been made law in accordance with the U. F. A. Legislative program adopted in 1921. Ballots marked with a cross will not be counted.

It is the intention of the Clerk of the Executive Council to have instructions covering the new system of voting published in every newspaper in the Province. Study them carefully.

There are a number of other changes in the Act, and a digest is given herewith. For fuller information procure a copy of the Act.

The suggestions to U. F. A. Locals are, of course, not part of the Act, and are purely for your information.

any penalty or wage reduction for so doing. This section does not apply where an employer permits other reasonable period during the hours of polling.

Voters not on the list may be sworn in.

Form of Ballot. The balloting will be by placing the figure "1" with the blacklead pencil (provided in the booth) opposite the first preference; "2" opposite the second preference, and so on. The voter may express as many choices as there are candidates. He does not have to express his choice for more than one candidate, but must mark every vote whether one or more, by figure. A BALLOT MARKED WITH A CROSS WILL BE A SPOILED BALLOT.

Offences and Penalties. A candidate cannot furnish meat, drink, or refreshment, to any meeting of voters, nor can anyone acting on his behalf do so, but if the meeting is at a private house and

furnished by the householder, this section does not apply.

Candidates cannot make or promise any subscriptions or donations during the period of their candidature. They cannot bet on the result of the election, or provide money to be used on betting.

A heavy penalty is provided for the publication of a false statement as to the withdrawal of a candidate, or of false statements of facts in relation to the personal character or conduct of a candidate.

Duties of Scrutineers

(Rural Polling Divisions)

BEFORE ELECTION HOURS

1. Obtain a certificate from the enumerator entitling you to vote at the poll where you are scrutineer.

2. It is desirable to obtain your appointment as scrutineer from your candidate, but YOU MAY ACT WITHOUT IT if no one has been appointed. In some instances it may be advisable for U. F. A. members to act as scrutineers, although the conditions may have made it impossible for the authority to be given them by the candidate himself. Every U. F. A. Local should see that the polls in its neighborhood are manned.

3. Remember that as the agent of the candidate, you have a legal right to be in the poll and to do your duty.

4. BE AT THE POLL FIFTEEN MINUTES BEFORE NINE O'CLOCK, or earlier if possible. Rural polls are open from nine a.m. to six p.m.

5. See that the ballots are counted, and all documents examined by yourself and ballot boxes inspected in your presence.

6. Take your oath of secrecy.

7. See that the opposing scrutineers

SUGGESTIONS TO U. F. A. LOCALS IN PREPARATION FOR ELECTION DAY

In many constituencies definite plans of organization for election day will have been adopted, and these plans may vary somewhat. The following suggestions, however, will be found of value to U. F. A. Locals, which have always taken a great degree of responsibility for the work of election day:

Each Local should divide its polling divisions into sections small enough so that any person can handle the section efficiently without undue trouble or loss of time.

Each individual charged with getting out the vote should see that every qualified person is on the list, and see that everyone qualified goes to the poll. This does not mean that he must take him there personally, but he should see that he is brought, through a neighbor or otherwise.

Everyone should check over the voters' list. If there are any names on the list of persons that you consider unqualified, report them to the scrutineers.

Two scrutineers should be appointed in each polling booth.

Organization should be under way at once, and dates set when progress can be reported, and the various workers kept in touch with one another.

take the oath of secrecy as soon as they report for duty.

DURING VOTING HOURS

1. Those entitled to be in the poll at any one time are the Deputy, Poll Clerk, Constable, two agents for each candidate and one elector.

2. Produce your certificate and vote yourself.

3. Swear each opposition agent at your poll and swear each Deputy and Clerk offering to vote on a certificate, and record name, address and poll from which each such voter has been transferred.

4. Only one elector may be in each compartment at one time.

5. Voter must declare his name, address and occupation.

6. In a city poll no one can vote unless his name is on the list. At any poll outside the city limits a voter may swear in his vote, even though his name is not on the list, provided an elector whose name is on the list vouches for him and takes oath.

7. If his name is on the list, and you doubt his right to vote, you may challenge his right to do so, before he receives his ballot. In challenging, the following words are sufficient: "I challenge this vote." If the elector whose qualifications you doubt is preparing to take the oath, state why you think he is disqualified. This may stop him. If he refuses to take the oath, he must leave the poll and cannot come back.

8. Use good judgment in challenging. Do not unnecessarily embitter anyone. Everyone who is entitled to vote should have the opportunity to do so without difficulty.

9. You may challenge on the following grounds. That person applying for ballot:

- Is not a British subject.
- Has not lived in Canada for 12 months.
- Has not lived in the electoral district two months prior to May 1, 1926.
- Name is on another list.
- Is not 21 years of age.
- Has been guilty of an election offense.

(g) Lives in a charitable institution.

10. From the moment the poll is opened, the ballot box should be continually under the observation of one or other of our scrutineers. They should relieve each other from time to time as may be necessary.

AFTER THE CLOSE OF THE POLLS

1. D.R.O. places spoiled ballots in sealed envelope.

2. D.R.O. counts number of names who voted, which should correspond with the number of ballots in the box when opened.

3. When the D.R.O. is counting ballots, all scrutineers have the right to examine fully each ballot. See that the total corresponds with the number who voted.

COUNTING BALLOTS

1. There may be differences concerning individual ballots between the scrutineers. The D.R.O. decides the dispute, but see that he keeps a note of any objections which you make. Any mark by which a ballot can possibly be identified is a ground for objection. The figures made by a blacked pencil should be the

Because it SAVES All the GRAIN—

The 4 and 13 ROLLER BEARINGS

Alemite-Zerk Lubrication and the Tilting Feeder

The 4 Threshermen—the Big Cylinder, the "Man Behind the Gun," the Steel Winged Beater and the Beating Shakers—are built into every Nichols & Shepard Thresher.

In the 22x36 farm thresher, they are ready to work for you, to thresh your crop, just when it is fit, and send the last kernel of grain to the wagon box, none to the straw pile.

13 Hyatt Roller Bearings with Alemite-Zerk Lubrication are standard equipment on 22x36 Nichols & Shepard Threshers. A Fordson handles it successfully.

The roller bearings greatly reduce the power necessary to thresh with any model.

A new manufacturing method puts the price within the reach of any farmer.

The construction is practically all steel, making the machine very long lived.

Send for this book—that tells the whole story.

NICHOLS & SHEPARD

COMPANY

The Red River Special Line

THE RedRiver Special Line

Threshers
22x36
28x48
30x52
32x56
36x60
Tractors
N & S
Oil-Gas
25-50
Allis-Chalmers
15-25
20-35
Nichols & Shepard
Steam
Engines

This book, "How a Good Thresher is Built," will tell you more of the Four Threshermen, and how the new method of manufacture has enabled us to put the always good Nichols & Shepard Thresher on the market at a price that places it within the reach of the thousands of farmers who realize that the individual rig is the best way to thresh.



We Will Gladly Send This Book Free, Upon Receipt of the Coupon

NICHOLS & SHEPARD COMPANY.

309 Marshall St.,
Battle Creek, Mich.

Send me the book "How a Good Thresher is Built."

Name _____

City _____

R.F.D. _____ State _____

My tractor is a _____ size _____ make _____

—it SAVES the FARMER'S THRESH BILL

KODAK FINISHING
EVERYTHING IN PHOTOGRAPHY
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We have been doing photographic work in Calgary for years and employ none but experts in our laboratories.

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W. J. OLIVER
328a Eighth Ave. West, Calgary, Alta.

LUMBER AT SAWMILL PRICES.
We can save you money on Lumber, Sash, Doors and Shingles, etc., in car-load lots. Prices on request; prompt shipment and grades guaranteed.
NOR-WEST FARMERS' ASSOCIATE LUMBER CO.
530 Northcott Ave., Victoria, B. C.

When Writing to any of these firms please say you saw the Advertisement in "The U. F. A."

only marks on the ballot, except the initials of the D. R. O. on the reverse side.

2. If any ballot appears in the box with a counterfoil attached, the D. R. O. can tear that off before any person sees it.

3. If there be any doubt about a ballot you may ask that it be not counted. The D. R. O. decides the argument.

4. At the close of the count, get a copy of the certificate signed by the D. R. O. and deliver it to the committee rooms as soon as possible.

5. At the close of the poll see that the poll box is properly locked and sealed with sealing wax.

EDITORIAL

(Continued from page 3)

set aside for the general sinking fund this year by the U. F. A. Government, was \$282,516.72. If the Albertan knows this there can be only one explanation of its misleading statement.

TAX BURDENS LOWERED

Capt. Shaw, in a speech at Innisfail on June 16th, challenged the Government to state any specific law passed during their five years of office to lessen tax burdens. Without going back further than last session, here are a few:

Supplementary Revenue Tax, the only direct tax in the Province, reduced 20 per cent. to 30 per cent. this year.

Supplementary Revenue Tax on grazing leases cut in half.

Educational Tax on grazing leases cut in half.

Timber Lease taxes reduced.

School Grants Act. making larger payments to weak districts.

The savings effected by these measures mean more proportionately to the producers of this Province than the much advertised tax reductions of the Dominion Government.

In addition, the Government has extended the benefits of the Mothers' Allowance Act to the wives of incapacitated husbands, and has assumed part of the interest burden of the settlers on the Lethbridge Northern Irrigation project.



LOUIS NORMANDEAU
U. F. A. candidate for St. Albert

Mr. Normandeau is 33 years of age. He is a thoroughly representative farmer, having homesteaded in the Lac Biche district in 1911, when the settlement was 125 miles from the nearest railway. He was born at Beauharnois, Quebec, and graduated from the college there in 1910, coming to Alberta immediately thereafter. He has farmed at Legal and at Westlock, eventually settling in Morinville, where he farms a half section of land.

CAMPBELL BILL PASSES HOUSE OF COMMONS

The Campbell bill, which will restore to the farmer the right to designate the terminal elevator to which his wheat shall be delivered, passed third reading in the House of Commons on June 10th, and will now go to the Senate.

The bill was introduced by M. N. Campbell, one of the Farmer members, after the Liberal Government had refused to carry out its undertaking to the Farmer group,

to bring in the bill as a Government measure. The Farmer members, however, were able to win the support of many party members of the Agricultural Committee and of the House of Commons, and the vote cut across party lines. But for the presence in Parliament of a virile group of Farmer members, independent of the old line parties, the measure, which is of the greatest importance to all members of the Western Wheat Pools, would have stood little chance of adoption. The Farmers hold the balance of power in the House.

Total of \$269,473 for Unauthorized Road Work in 1921

All These Figures Were Brought Out in the Legislature Some Time Ago

Discussing the huge road expenditures which had been incurred within the last few weeks of the election of 1921, without authorization from the Department of Public Works, Hon. H. Greenfield, former Premier, stated at Strathmore recently, that no one knew anything about these expenditures until the bills, totaling \$269,473, came in. Of this amount, while a Conservative constituency, High River, received \$43, Beaver River (Jos. Dechene's constituency), received \$36,300, St. Paul (constituency of P. E. Lessard, Cabinet Minister), received \$42,000; Sturgeon (Hon. J. R. Boyle's constituency), \$26,000; Pincher Creek (Conservative seat), \$363; Athabasca (another Cabinet Minister's seat), \$36,000, and so forth.

This did not and could not happen now owing to the plan of allocating all work on a definite basis to all ridings. The Government had nothing to do with the machinery of the election, which was entirely in the hands of the central committee of the U. F. A. in Calgary.

Mr. Greenfield, while not a candidate, is taking a most active part in the campaign in behalf of the U. F. A. candidates. He felt it his duty and privilege, he said, to outline the record of the Government of which he had been in charge for four and a half years.

Distillers Furnish Party Funds for Both Old Parties

Chartered Accountant at Customs Probe at Ottawa Reveals Statement of Hiram Walker That His Firm Distributes Its Monetary Favors With Impartial Hand to Liberal and Conservative Parties

The Toronto Globe, reporting on June 12th the proceedings of the Special Committee of the Dominion House of Commons on the smuggling charges, gives the evidence of A. E. Nash, member of a firm of chartered accountants at Toronto.

Questioned by Donald M. Kehndy, Farmer member of the committee, Mr. Nash stated that in conversation with him Hiram Walker mentioned that his firm gave money to campaign funds of the two parties. In 1924 there was on the books of the Walker firm \$62,900, and in 1925 \$79,137.50; on the books of Gooderham and Worts \$69,100; and on the books of the Ste. Hyacinthe (Quebec) Distillery Company, \$63,000. These were under the heading "Reserve for contingencies." Mr. Nash stated that he asked Hiram Walker, "Did you make any contributions to campaign funds?" and

Mr. Walker replied, "Yes, to both parties." No other explanation was given of the presence of the sums mentioned on the books.

Presumably the party war chests which have been swelled by distillers' contributions, referred to above, are the chests which have been used for Federal purposes. The fact is, however, that the Provincial parties are merely tentacles of the Federal parties; that politicians who accept membership in these old parties, are compelled at least to keep quiet upon the subject of the sources of the funds which are subscribed to the dominating party machines in Eastern Canada.

The Farmers' and Labor organizations in politics are the only organizations which are financed, owned and controlled by the people themselves.



GEORGE N. JOHNSTON
Re-nominated for Re-election

Complete List of U.F.A. Candidates in Field

Forty-five U. F. A. Candidates in Rural Seats—Attorney-General in Edmonton
—Ross in Calgary

U. F. A. candidates have been nominated in all rural constituencies except Grouard—45 in all. In addition, the new Attorney-General, Hon. J. F. Lymburn, is a candidate in the city of Edmonton, and Hon. Alex. Ross, Minister of Public Works, is a Labor candidate in Calgary.

Following are the U. F. A. nominees:

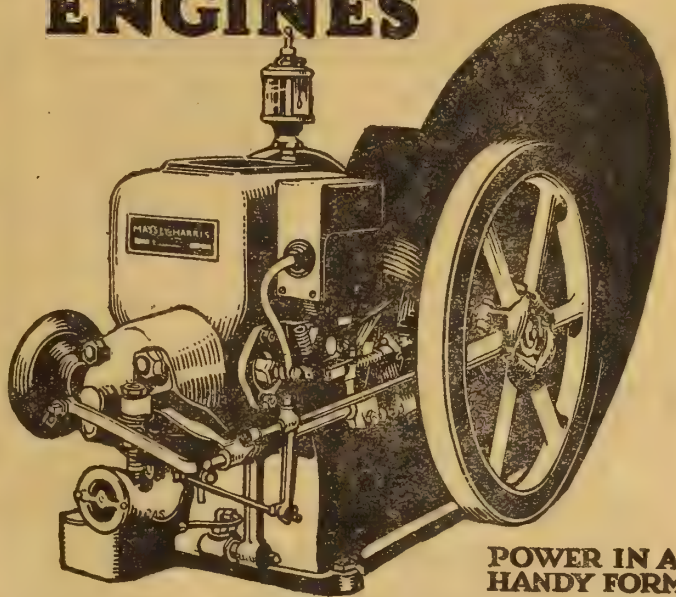
Acadia—Lorne Proudfoot.
Alexandra—P. Enzenauer.
Athabasca—J. P. Evans.
Beaver River—J. A. Dellisle.
Bow Valley—Ben S. Plumer.
Camrose—Hon. V. W. Smith.
Cardston—G. L. Stringam.
Claresholm—Gordon Walker.
Cochrane—Alex. Moor.
Coronation—G. N. Johnston.
Cypress—Hon. P. Baker.
Didsbury—A. B. Claypool.
Empress—W. C. Smith.
Gleichen—J. C. Buckley.
Hand Hills—Gordon A. Forster.
High River—S. Brown.
Innisfail—Donald Cameron.
Lacombe—Hon. Mrs. Irene Parby.
Lac Ste. Anne—M. C. McKeen.
Leduc—D. C. Breton.
Little Bow—O. L. McPherson.
Macleod—W. H. Shield.
Nanton—D. H. Galbraith.
Okotoks—Hon. George Hoadley.
Oids—N. S. Smith.
Peace River—Hugh Allen.
Pembina—George MacLachlan.
Pincher Creek—E. G. Cook.
Ponoka—Hon. J. E. Brownlee.
Red Deer—G. W. Smith.
Ribstone—W. G. Farquharson.
St. Albert—L. Normandeau.
St. Paul—J. P. L. Joly.
Sedgewick—A. G. Andrews.
Stettler—A. L. Sanders.
Stony Plain—W. M. Washburn.
Sturgeon—S. A. Carson.
Taber—L. Peterson.
Vegreville—A. M. Matheson.
Vermilion—R. G. Reid.
Victoria—R. Hennig.
Wainwright—J. R. Love.
Warner—M. J. Connor.
Wetaskiwin—E. E. Sparks.
Whitford—G. Mihalcheon.
Labor Candidates
Calgary—Hon. Alex. Ross.
F. J. White.
J. W. Russell.
Edmonton—A. Farmilo.
E. E. Roper.
J. W. Findlay.
C. L. Gibbs.
J. Lakeman.
Edson—C. Pattinson.
Lethbridge—A. Smeeton.
Medicine Hat—J. Hole.
Rocky Mountain—P. M. Christophers.

GRANDMOTHERS NOT TO BE OUTDONE

As the May meeting of the Fort Saskatchewan U. F. W. A. Local fell on Mothers' Day, a special program was arranged, including the presentation of bouquets of carnations to all the grandmothers present. "Not to be outwitted," adds the secretary, Mrs. H. B. Peters, "the grandmothers brought forth a mysterious looking box, which when opened revealed a present for all the members." The hostess, Miss Mary Stetson, served refreshments.

THE CURSE OF OUR PUBLIC LIFE
"The curse of our public life is the domination of the party system."—Lord Balfour of Burleigh.

MASSEY-HARRIS GASOLINE OR KEROSENE ENGINES



**POWER IN A
HANDY FORM**

Economical and Dependable

Some of the Features that make the Massey-Harris Engine such good value

Piston and Cylinder are ground to fit, giving full power from the fuel. Hot Magneto Spark makes easy starting even in cold weather. Throttle Governor saves fuel. Large Water Space prevents overheating. Removable Head makes valve grinding easy. All Parts accessible.

Made in 1½, 3, 4½ and 6 H.P.

Low in First Cost — Low in Repair Expense
MASSEY-HARRIS ENGINE

MASSEY-HARRIS COMPANY, LIMITED

ESTABLISHED 1867—79 YEARS AGO

Toronto. Montreal. Moncton. Brandon. Regina. Saskatoon.
Swift Current. Yorkton. Calgary. Edmonton. Winnipeg.

Agencies Everywhere

SERVICE

Alberta Pacific Grain Company Limited

HEAD OFFICE | CALGARY

Branch Offices: WINNIPEG, MAN., VANCOUVER, B.C.

—our new name—!

THE **"CHENEY"** ROTARY ROD **WEEDER** NEW STYLE

The only Weeder with the Revolving SQUARE Rod

Made in Cheney, Wash., for the last 14 years. To distinguish the original "New Style Rotary Rod Weeder" from imitations it has been given the name "CHENEY WEEDER."



Look for the name "CHENEY" and see that the revolving rod is SQUARE and you are sure you are buying the best weeder made—the weeder that kills all the weeds.

Made in two sizes—10 and 12 foot
Over 2,500 now in use in Western Canada

\$105.00 f.o.b. Calgary

NORTHERN MACHINERY Co., Ltd.

Canadian Vendors—CALGARY and EDMONTON

THIS SEASON DEMAND The BEST AND GET IT

There Is a Dealer Near You Who Sells
Holland EXTRA PRIME Binder Twine

The Twine that Excels in Length, Strength and Evenness

(In 5-lb. or 8-lb. balls)



Queen City, 550 ft.
Prairie Pride, 600 ft.
Manitoba Special,
650 ft.

See Him
and Place
Your Order
NOW

Harold & Thompson

Selling Agents
In Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta

Every
bale
lashed
with a
good
service-
able
rope.
(See
detail
cut.)



24 Canada Life Bldg.
Regina, Sask.

ENJOY A WONDERFUL HOLIDAY

AT THE

Calgary Exhibition & Stampede

JULY 5th to 10th, 1926

Full of Thrills from the Grand Stampede Parade Monday Morning to the
Mammoth Fireworks Display Saturday Night.
Excellent Display of Live Stock and Industrial Exhibits.

COLDSTREAM GUARDS BAND

Reduced Passenger Fares,

N. J. CHRISTIE
President

GUY WEADICK
Stampede Manager

E. L. RICHARDSON
General Manager

Shaw vs. Shaw---The Story Told by J. T. Shaw Himself

Member Submits Story of Sudden Conversion of New Liberal Leader, as Revealed in His Own Published Statements

A member of the U. F. A., resident in Northern Alberta, has submitted the following article under the heading, "Newspaper Statements Showing Progress in Conversion of Joseph T. Shaw."

In a statement published in the Calgary Herald of December 5, 1921, Mr. Shaw says, "The people of West Calgary feel that the old war horses of the old line parties have long ceased to serve the interests or interpret the needs of the great majority of the people. But the old line parties, both Liberal and Conservative, have each had a political machine in this riding which has assumed to speak for the entire electorate. In this campaign more than one hundred organized voters nominated Mr. Shaw as an Independent, so that he might be free from the parties dominated and controlled in the East."

VERSUS THE TWO OLD PARTIES

The statement goes on to tell us that the citizens of West Calgary have joined to make this, "a campaign of citizens of West Calgary versus the two old line party machines."

In The Albertan of November 15, 1921, we find the following paragraph in a report of Mr. Shaw's meetings: "In support of his position as an Independent candidate, he (Mr. Shaw), said that the party system was 'rapidly riding for a fall,' and called attention to the fact that any system whereby 46 per cent. of the people, the farmers, were represented by less than 20 per cent. of the members of Parliament, and 37 per cent. labor, by one-half of one per cent., and 17 per cent., or the big interests, by 79½ per cent., such a system must inevitably be supplanted by some other principle."

PEOPLE DEMAND SOMETHING BETTER

In The Albertan of November 19, 1921, we find another report of a meeting, which says: "Mr. Shaw referred to the old party system and the ever-growing bulk of independent thought among the people that was demanding something better; some party with a real anxiety for the welfare of the people."

In The Calgary Albertan of October 21, 1925, there appears an advertisement supporting Joseph T. Shaw, Independent candidate in the Federal election. The advertisement opens with a statement made on October 17, by A. A. McGillivray, as follows: "Mr. Joseph T. Shaw is a political chameleon, capable of changing his political color to accord with the coat of the politician upon whom he leans. How can he represent the interests of Farmer, Labor and Liberal?"

CAPT. SHAW'S EMPHATIC RETORT

Mr. Shaw, in his advertisement, answers as follows: "Mr. Shaw is an Independent. He has never pretended to represent any political organization or party. He has represented the interests of the citizens of Calgary, irrespective of party

affiliations. Jos. T. Shaw is an Independent. As an Independent, outside of any party caucus at Ottawa, he has stood free and able to co-operate with all types and conditions of men. The result? Mr. Shaw has achieved the best record for a private member that Calgary or any constituency of the West can boast."

Here, on October 21, 1925, Mr. Shaw admits that he has achieved wonderful results because he has been independent, outside of any party caucus, free.

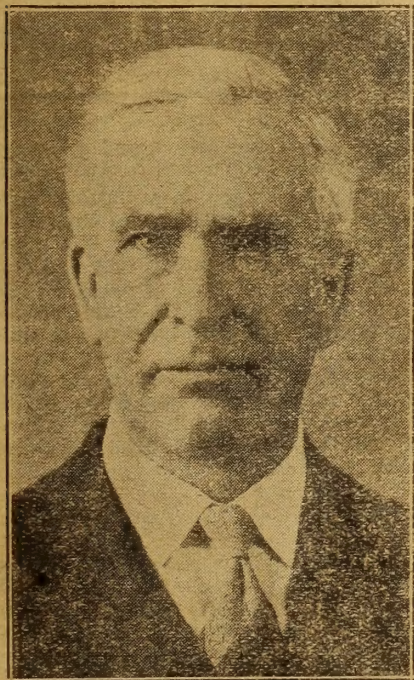
**BUT NOW—WE NEED
"VIRILE LIBERAL PARTY"**

On April 20, 1926, just six months later, in a statement printed in The Calgary Albertan, he says: "I have agreed to allow my name to go before the coming Edmonton conference as a candidate for the Liberal leadership in this Province. I believe that the time has come for a return in Provincial affairs to the sound and enduring principles of Liberalism. In my opinion, a **STRONG AND VIRILE LIBERAL PARTY IS ESSENTIAL** if we are to unite the energies of the best elements of our population and thereby effectively answer the forces of reaction."

Empress Convention Chooses W. C. Smith

**Candidate Was Member for Redcliff in
Last Assembly—Convention Expresses
Appreciation of Past Work**

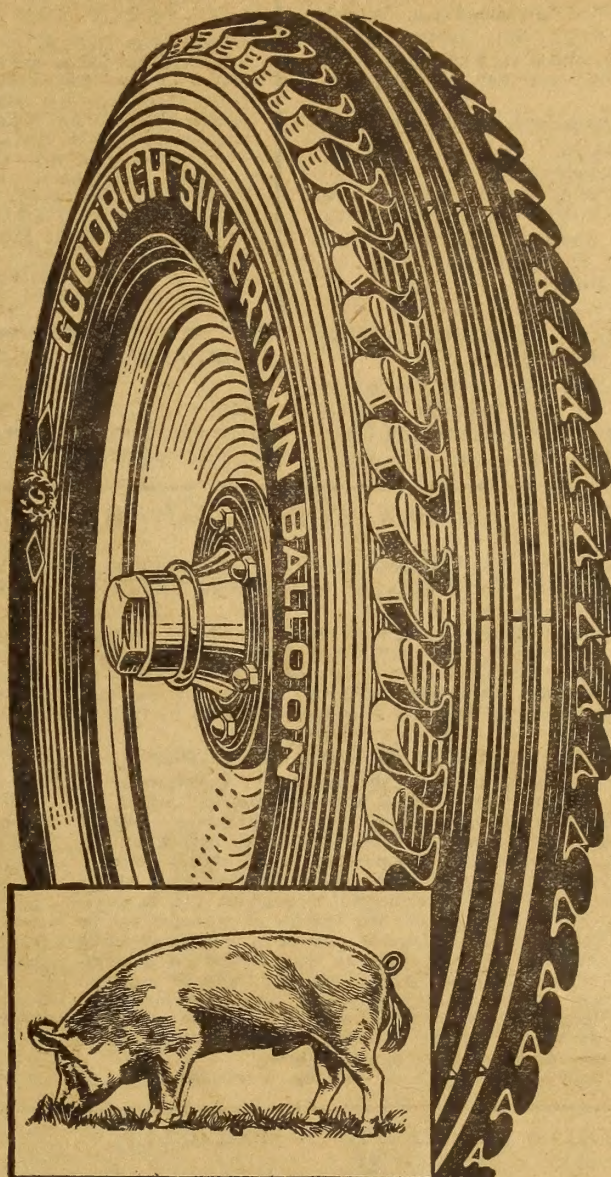
William C. Smith was chosen by a majority on the first ballot as the U. F. A. candidate for Empress, at a Convention held in the town of Empress on May 31. Mr. Smith was nominated by Mr. Day, of Bowell, and the names of John Fowlie, nominated by John Barnes, of Bindloss,



W. C. SMITH

and Carl Axelsson, nominated by E. M. Stevens, of Bingville, were also submitted to the Convention.

In addressing the Convention after the nomination, Mr. Smith declared that he would, as in the past, give his very best services to the people of the constituency.



Type!

It is not alone his distinctive appearance that makes the Yorkshire prized among breeders . . . but looks identify breed.

Nor is it only the handsome appearance of Silvertown that makes Silvertowns the choice of the man who drives.

It's the name Goodrich, backed by fifty-five years in the rubber business. There's a Goodrich dealer near you.

Canadian Goodrich Company, Ltd., Kitchener, Ont.

F-6

**Goodrich
Silvertown
CORD TIRE**
"BEST IN THE LONG RUN"

The Convention tendered to him a hearty vote of thanks for his past work in the Assembly.

President Wood addressed a meeting in the evening, when the theatre, kindly loaned for the occasion, was filled to its capacity, and he received a rousing reception.

John Fowlie, president, was chairman of the Convention.

Officers were elected as follows: President, John Fowlie, Social Plains; secretary-treasurer, John Barnes, Bindloss; directors, C. Axelson, Bingville; Theo. Mantz, Hilda; H. H. Tucker, Bindloss; N. E. Steves, Buffalo.

BEFORE SHAW RECEIVED KING'S BLESSING

Among the best arguments for a non-party system are the recorded ones of Joe Shaw's before he received the blessing of Mackenzie King.

LOUD IN PRAISE OF U. F. A. GOVERNMENT BEFORE LIBERAL PARTY OFFER

Editor "The U. F. A.":

With reference to the letter of Alex. Moore in your last issue, I can confirm absolutely his statement that during the election campaign of October last, Mr. J. T. Shaw, speaking at Cochrane, paid a high tribute to the U. F. A. Government. I do not remember the exact words used, but Mr. Shaw was loud in his praise of the U. F. A. Government and its administration.

ARCHIE BAPTIE.

Cochrane, June 15th.

GUARANTEE \$60 FOR ELECTION FUND

Eastburg Local have notified Central Office that they are guaranteeing to the Pembina Constituency Association the

sum of \$60 for the election campaign. "This Local is going ahead in good style" writes the secretary, W. E. Curtis. "Our U. F. A. concert party recently gave three concerts and netted \$113, which helps quite a lot. This Local continues to have the greatest confidence in Geo. McLachlan, M.L.A. for Pembina; he is a gentleman and a sticker."

GOOD ADVICE FROM W. M. DAVIDSON—IN 1923

"Vote for a man who has hewed straight to the line with one definite policy from the beginning and has not shifted ground once to catch the votes of any section. Vote for the man who is willing to co-operate with the Greenfield Government and not declare war on it."—W. M. Davidson appeal in the Albertan, 1923.

PARTY SYSTEM FAILURE AS BUSINESS PROPOSITION

British Business Men Condemn System of Government Which Would Not Be Tolerated by Any Commercial Organization in the World—Revolt of the Great Middle Classes Who Seek to Stop the Dry Rot in National Politics

During the election campaign of 1921, a pamphlet carrying the above heading was circulated in Captain Shaw's behalf and with his complete approval and endorsement, to the voters of the city of Calgary. In October, 1925, Captain Shaw stated that he stood on the same platform of independence as in 1921.

The pamphlet read in part as follows:

PITIABLE FAILURE AND NATIONAL SCANDAL

"As a business proposition the system of government by party is a pitiable failure and a national scandal," states Sir William Earnshaw-Cooper, C.I.E., in a pamphlet entitled "Politicians and the Party System." "This is proved by the significant fact that not in the business world of this country, nor of any other, has the system been adopted by business people. In every firm or company throughout the business world, men would fight against the system of management by parties as they would fight against the devil. Their sole aim in the management of their business organizations is co-ordination of interest; co-operation of interest; unity of purpose; mutual aims; goodwill; harmony. They wisely contend that such conditions make for integrity and success. Common experience tells them that the antitheses of these essentials to success make for disintegration and failure.

"Party politicians have been already discarded and cast

aside by labor. That powerful body found them to be an ugly blot on national politics years ago, and they wiped them out of their political arena. Today the great middle classes are determined to stop this dry rot in national politics if possible. They are weary of these gasconading, dull farceurs who use the Houses of Parliament as a fitting arena wherein to promote their own political objects.

SUICIDAL SYSTEM

"That this insane suicidal system of party warfare, engendering as it does party chicanery and party venality, has brought the nation and the empire to the very brink of destruction is abundantly evidenced. And yet, before the war, so intimately had this party system, and all the evil it stands for, entered into the political life of the country, that not one man in a thousand realized how inimical it had become to national interests, and how subversive of public good. It has taken the war, with all its bloody horrors, to bring us into some sort of realization of how the country and the empire have suffered because politicians have utterly failed in every department of public life and in every sense of the term.

"There is not the slightest hope that the party system will ever see the error of its ways, and its disruptive, disintegrating effect on national and Imperial interests."

"CAPT. J. T. SHAW'S MANIFESTO" A "PROMISING" DOCUMENT

(Continued from page 18)

POINT 11. The Liberal party offers a redistribution according to a definite plan.

The redistribution scheme before the Provincial Legislature last session was not proceeded with, the Liberal members of the committee presenting a report against redistribution at the present time. If the committee had been unanimous, a redistribution of constituencies would have been in effect now. The present allocation of constituencies was put into effect by a Liberal Government.

POINT 12. The Liberal party proposes to encourage a policy of co-operative effort of all classes and their representatives.

They have not co-operated in endeavoring to eliminate partyism in this Province. Labor co-operated in the last Legislature, but Liberalism continuously obstructed.

POINT 13. Old age pensions.

The old age pension scheme has been killed in the Senate. The Alberta Government had previously signified its co-operation with any feasible scheme.

POINT 14. The Liberal party is responsible for every advance made in securing to women a larger measure of equality in political and economic matters.

The greatest Liberal Province in Canada, Quebec, does not yet allow women to vote. The Liberal lady member in the Provincial Assembly, Mrs. McClung, voted with the Government and against her party in almost every division in the last session.

POINT 15. The Liberal party offers to the electors a policy of constructive effort and action, and a Government "of all the people, by the people, and for the people."

The Liberal party cannot be judged on a platform bearing the name of a leader who eight months ago objected to being described as even an Independent Liberal. If the Provincial Liberal party had a constructive policy, they had from 1905 till 1921 to put it into effect. Instead of doing so, they are responsible for the situations which Mr. Shaw promises to amend in his fifteen points, with the exceptions of those already remedied by the present Government. The Province's action with regard to matters of vital interest to its people has been hampered by the inaction and opposition of the Dominion Liberal Government, and by the legacy of interest-bearing debt, doubtful assets, and ill-considered legislation left to Alberta by sixteen years of Liberal misgovernment.

MANUFACTURED PURELY TO CATCH VOTES

The manifesto repudiates the policy of the Liberal party in the Dominion. It repudiates the policy pursued by the Liberal party in the Province. It has been manufactured for the past few weeks merely for the purpose of catching votes.

One of the greatest objections to the party system is that it enables its adherents to make promises prior to elections, but provides no responsibility for carrying them out. The party constituency organizations are only in being during elections. What has become of the promises made to you last Dominion election by the Dominion Liberal party?

Every promise made to you by the U. F. A. at the 1921 election has been carried out, with the exception of those in which action has been blocked by the Dominion Government. The present Government is content to be judged by its record. Compare it with the Liberal record!

EDUCATIONAL PROGRESS IN ALTA. DURING PAST FIVE YEARS FAR AHEAD OF PREVIOUS RECORDS

(Continued from page 6)

6. SCHOOL INSPECTIONS— THE ACTUAL FIGURES

The record of 1924 has been cited by critics in an effort to show that school inspection is outrageously deficient. This gives no true idea of the situation in respect to inspection today, as in that year owing to resignations, illness and changes of boundaries, the work in four inspectorates fell far below normal.

A more accurate impression is gained by examining the record of 1925, which compares with that of 1920 and 1921, as follows:

No. of Inspectors	Schools not Inspected	Inspections made	Average No. per Inspector
1920 .. 36	414	4,698	130
1921 .. 38	162	6,342	166
1925 .. 25	154	5,536	221

LEADER WHO IS

UNACQUAINTED WITH FACTS

The newly chosen leader of the Liberal party, unacquainted with the facts, makes the sweeping charge that in educational matters, during the past five years, the Province has been allowed merely "to drift." He proposed to put education "back on a firm basis." At just what period education in Alberta was in the desirable state to which he would restore it is not indicated. The method of getting back to the Golden Age for which he longs is however, quite simple. We are to create a new office of Superintendent of Education and to establish a Council of Education. The duties to be assigned to this Superintendent are now performed by the Deputy Minister, the Supervisor of Schools and the Chief Inspector. Whether the new superman is to assume the triple functions at present performed by the competent officials who now fill these positions, or is merely to inspire them and direct their efforts, we are not told, but it is rather important.

For the rest: all will admit the desirability of increased grants, more inspectors, and pensions for teachers, but to do anything effective along all these lines will involve the expenditure of well on to half a million dollars, and when Mr. Shaw promises these things he should be reminded that he has also suggested that there should be a reduction of taxation.

No! The advancement of education does not require a greater complexity of machinery or a multiplication of high officials.

GOLDEN WEST LOCAL FORMED

Golden West Local was organized recently in the Brutus district, the organizer, H. S. Haberland, being elected its first secretary. I. C. Jones was chosen president.

ANNOUNCEMENTS

BERRYWATER, KIRKDALE, REID HILL,
Milo and Queenstown U. F. A. and U. F. W. A. Locals are holding joint picnic at Marquis Municipal Park, Lake Macgregor, July 14th. Dance in evening at Queenstown Hall. Horse racing, bucking contests, wild cow milking and athletics. \$75.00 ball game. Refreshments on grounds. Everybody come. E. Synge, President; Alex. McIntyre, Secretary.

LEGAL AND PATENTS

**SHORT, ROSS, SELWOOD, SHAW
& MAYHOOD**
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries.
Imperial Bank Bldg., Calgary

W. H. SELLAR
Barrister and Solicitor
218a 8TH AVE. W., CALGARY
Phone M7405 Res. W1735

FORD, MILLER & HARVIE, BARRISTERS.
Solicitors and Patent Attorneys and Agents for all countries. 207 Alberta Corner, Calgary. Patent drawings and applications prepared by our own staff, ensuring secrecy and prompt service.

CLASSIFIED SECTION

FARM LANDS

QUARTER SECTION FOR SALE, NEAR
Lacombe, Alberta. Also six quarter sections of good mixed farming land for sale; or rent to a reliable party. 500 acres under cultivation to rent for one-third crop, and \$150 for cattle part. Will fence farm for sheep, two quarters to field, \$350 extra. Apply owner, W. E. Ross, 813 Cedar St., New Westminster, B. C.

IRRIGATION IN SOUTHERN ALBERTA
offers an opportunity for farmers in the new Lethbridge Northern Irrigation District where schools, churches, coal mines, rural telephones, and splendid roads already exist. A well settled community, no pioneering. The district is cut by three branch railway lines. Land sold on crop payments, at \$10.00 to \$15.00 per acre. Water payments spread over fifty years. Applicants must have own equipment and qualifications of farm experience. This is a proposition for real farmers who appreciate the value of irrigation as crop insurance. State fully what equipment you have and your experience. Apply, Colonization Manager, 117 Alberta Government Bldg., Lethbridge, Alberta.

SEED GRAIN, ETC.

BROME GRASS SEED, BEST QUALITY,
8 cents. E. C. Hallman, Acadia Valley, Alta.

WHITE BLOSSOM SWEET CLOVER,
thoroughly cleaned and scarified, bagged 8½ cents a lb. Kallal Bros., Tofield, Alta.

LIVESTOCK

REGISTERED ABERDEEN-ANGUS COWS,
heifers, bulls. Fifty head; reasonable. L. McComb, Huxley, Alta.

FOR SALE—DUAL PURPOSE SHORT-
horn bull, Lindsay Boy, 169063; roan, born June 15th, 1923. Bred by Stewart Graham, Lindsay, Ontario, from R.O.P. cow. Sure and gentle. Reason for selling, wish to keep his heifers. Wm. Webster, Orion, Alberta.

HEALTH

PILES WITH CONSTIPATION CURED.
Cause removed, one office treatment sufficient. Dr. M. E. Church, Calgary.

CLEANERS AND DYERS

GARMENTS AND HOUSEHOLD GOODS OF
all kinds cleaned or dyed. Price list and information upon request. Empire Cleaning & Dyeing Co., Ltd., 234-236 Twelfth Avenue West, Calgary, Alberta.

POULTRY

BABY CHICKS—S. C. RHODE ISLAND
Red and Barred Plymouth Rocks, June hatch, per hundred, \$30.00. G. H. Jones, manager, C. P. R. Demonstration Farm, Strathmore, Alberta.

BARRED ROCK HATCHING EGGS FROM
Lethbridge Experimental Farm strain, \$3.00 per 15. Mr. Dean Larson, Box 91, Raymond, Alta.

WHITE WYANDOTTE YEARLING HENS—
White Wyandotte and White Leghorn cockerels when 10 weeks old, 1,500 to select from. Superior stock. Write for prices. Mrs. John Olsen, Olds Alta.

SWINE

FOR SALE—REGISTERED DUROC BOAR,
one year old. March and April spring pigs ready to ship. W. L. Gray, Millet, Alta.

FARM MACHINERY

TRADE IN YOUR OLD CREAM SEPARA-
tor on a new Viking. Get our Calgary price and save money. Cushman Farm Equipment Co., Ltd., Winnipeg.

FRESH FRUITS

FRESH FRUITS, BERRIES, VEGETABLES.
Picked prime, properly packed, dependable, direct to you. Write today for price list twenty different kinds. Quality Fruit Farms, Chilliwick, B. C.

GOOSEBERRIES \$2.00, STRAWBERRIES
\$3.00. Ripe now. Other fruits ready soon. Write for price list today. Highland Farm, Mission, B. C.

RASPBERRIES \$3.75, ROYAL ANNE CHER-
ries \$2.90. Express prepaid. Write for complete price list. E. J. Cook, Box 94, Nelson, B. C.

LUMBER AND FENCE POSTS

LUMBER, SHINGLES, FENCE POSTS,
poles, cordwood and slabs. Write for delivered prices. Enterprise Lumber Co., Vancouver, B. C.

**FENCE POSTS, POLES, PICKETS,
FUEL WOOD**
Write for delivered prices.
NORTH WEST COAL CO., Edmonton

CANCER

and Tumors successfully treated (removed) without knife or pain. All work guaranteed. Come, or write for free Sanatorium book. Dr. WILLIAMS SANATORIUM, 525 University Av., Minneapolis, Minn.



A Bank for the Farmers of Canada

FARMERS can consult with this Bank with the knowledge that their problems will be understood and their banking requirements efficiently handled. We have made a special study of the financial needs of farmers, the difficulties they encounter, and their ways of doing business.

BANK OF MONTREAL
Established 1817

VOTE FOR INDEPENDENT GOVERNMENT

For the past five years a Government has been in power in Alberta independent of either of the two dominant political parties of Canada.

It has been able to deal with Alberta's problems without having to defer to political interests.

The U. F. A. Government is responsible only to the people of Alberta. It has been a good business Government.

During its five years of office it has vastly enhanced the financial standing of the Province by economies in administration. It has taken the Civil Service out of politics. It is carrying to completion a splendid highways and market road system. Its administration of the highly contentious liquor problem has received commendation the world over. Health and education services have been increased. Encouragement, financial and legislative, has been given to co-operative enterprises. Economies, amounting to over a million dollars a year, have been effected in non-essential services.

THE GOVERNMENT ASKS FOR YOUR VOTE AND SUPPORT ON ITS RECORD.

Contrast Provincial Conditions, 1921 and 1925

1921 (Party Govt.)	1925 (U. F. A. Govt.)
Budget Deficit ----- \$ 2,118,209.40	Budget Surplus ----- \$ 188,019.00
Capital Debt Increase ----- \$16,704,934.00	Capital Debt Increase ----- \$ 2,551,888.00
Employees (August 13, 1921) ----- 2,697	Employees (February 1, 1926) ----- 2,233
Public Health (1920) ----- \$ 373,744.00	Public Health ----- \$ 990,110.00
Telephones Operating ----- 50,611	Telephones Operating ----- 56,279
Telephone Earnings ----- \$ 2,247,277.00	Telephone Earnings ----- \$ 2,502,175.00
Telephone Operating Expenses ----- \$ 1,431,671.00	Telephone Operating Expenses ----- \$ 1,254,119.00
Printing Costs ----- \$ 348,502.00	Printing Costs ----- \$ 192,803.00
School Grant (1920) ----- \$ 902,932.00	School Grants ----- \$ 1,102,342.00
Land Titles Office Costs ----- \$ 241,909.00	Land Titles Office Costs ----- \$ 156,753.00
Election Costs (1921) ----- \$ 248,000.00	Plebiscite (1923) ----- \$ 133,000.00
	Estimate Cost 1926 Election ----- \$ 130,000.00
Education of 320 Agricultural Students ----- \$ 191,000.00	Education of 360 Agricultural Students ----- \$ 103,000.00
Government Inspectors ----- 138	Government Inspectors ----- 105
Uncontrollable Expenditure ----- \$ 2,095,157.00	Uncontrollable Expenditure ----- \$ 3,901,029.00
Semi-Controllable Expenditure ----- \$ 3,884,315.00	Semi-Controllable Expenditure ----- \$ 3,995,688.00
Controllable Expenditure ----- \$ 4,625,682.00	Controllable Expenditure ----- \$ 3,446,287.00
Interest Rate Provincial Borrowings—6 per cent.	Interest Rate Provincial Borrowings—4½ and 5 per cent.

Reductions in Controllable Expenditure, 1921 to 1924: Alberta 14 per cent.; Saskatchewan 12 per cent.; Manitoba 8½ per cent. Increases in all other Provinces.

WORK and VOTE for U.F.A. CANDIDATES

ISSUED BY THE U. F. A. PUBLICITY COMMITTEE, CALGARY.

